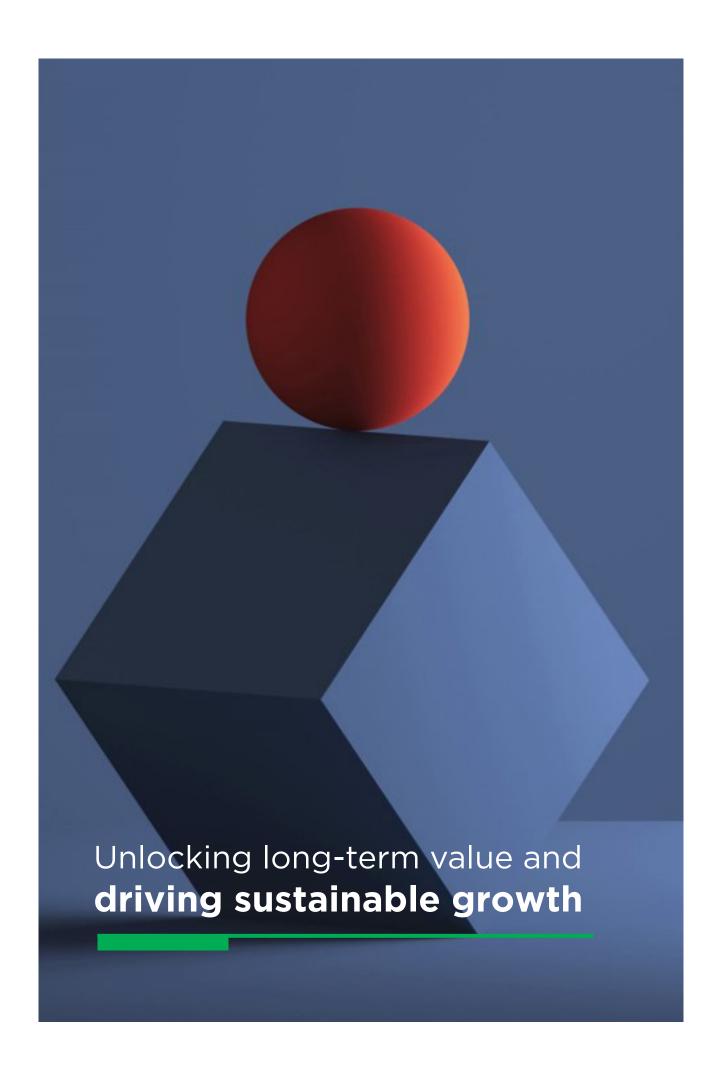






NICOL\_AR 2020\_new.indd 1 24/11/2021 10:25 PM



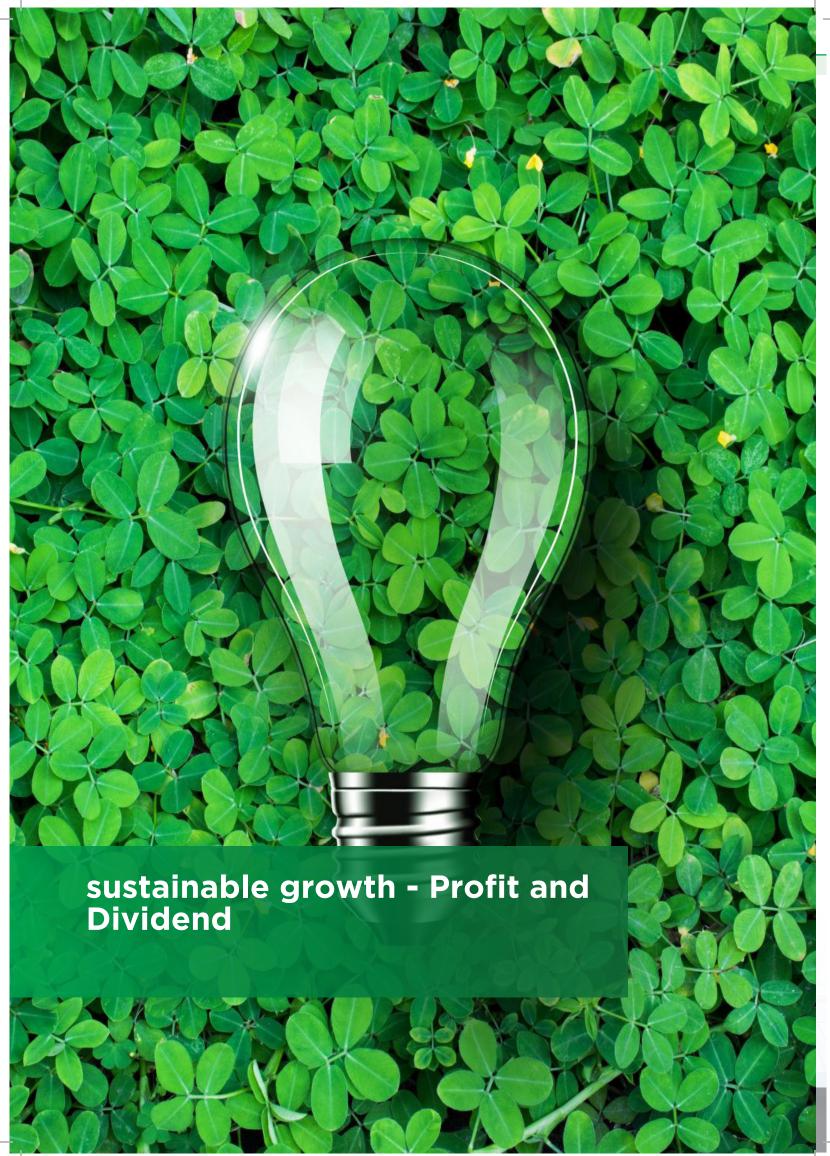
NICOL\_AR 2020\_new.indd 2 24/11/2021 10:25 PM

# ide the Annual Report

#### **WHO WE ARE**

WIO WEARE	
About NICOL (Definition , mission , vision and our values)	
Our Shareholders	5
Our Investments	e
Financial Highlights.	7
AGM Notice	16
STRATEGY REVIEW	
Chairman Report	2
CEO's Statement	25
CORPORATE GOVERNANCE	
Governance Statement	29
Board of Directors	32
Management	36
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Report of Directors	4
Declaration of the CFO	48
Independent Auditor's Report	49
Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	53
Statement of Changes in Equity	56
Statement of Cash Flows	57

Notes to the Financial Statements.....



#### **ABBREVIATIONS**

TMCL Tanzania Meat Company Limited

TFDC Tanzania Fisheries Development Company Limited

BEC Board Executive Committee

BFAC Board Finance and Audit Committee

BINC Board Investment Committee

IFRS International Financial Reporting Standard

IAS International Accounting Standards

DSE Dar Es Salaam Stock Exchange

CMSA Capital Market and Securities Authorities

NARCO National Ranching Company Limited

FVTPL Fair Value Through Profit or Loss

FVTOCI Fair Value through other comprehensive Income



#### WHO WE ARE

National Investments PLC (NICOL) was initially formed in 1999 by the support from various individuals. This initiative progressively gained the support of many Tanzanians, leading to its incorporation as a limited public company under the Companies Act. Its main goal is to economically empower ordinary citizens by acquiring a stake in the economy of Tanzania through joint ownership in viable economic ventures. Until the year 2020, the company progressively grew its capital to more than Tanzania Shillings Eighty-Eight Billion (TZS 88 Bn).

The owners of the Company are the General Public (Tanzanians and few foreigners) comprising of more than 30,000 shareholders including Government Institutions.

On 6th May 2018, the company's shares were re-listed for trading in the Dar Es Salaam Stock Exchange (DSE).

#### **MISSION**

To develop and increase active participation of local Tanzanians in the management and control of the National economy.

#### **VISION**

To be the leading Collective Investment Scheme in the country, mobilizing resources from public and participating in viable economic ventures through equity ownership and investments using the most cost-effective management systems and technology, highly qualified and motivated personnel.

#### **VALUES**

#### **TRANSPARENCY**

To have a work culture where employees rigorously communicate with their peers and exchange ideas and thoughts, which progressively builds up and maintains trust and respect.

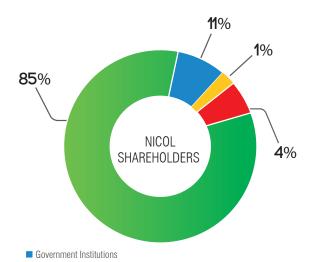
#### **INTEGRITY**

Honesty and adherence to the codes of conduct that sustains high regard in the eyes of the public nationally and internationally.

#### **PROFESSIONALISM**

- To act professionally in all actions and dealings with our shareholders, clients and partners.

#### **OUR SHAREHOLDERS**



■ Foreigners ■ Religion- Institutions ■ General Public

Government - Institutions	11%
Foreigners	4%
Religion- Institutions	1%
General Public	85%

GOV	VERNMENT INSTITUTIONS
Public Service Social Security Fund	PUBLIC SERVICE SOCIAL SECURITY FUND (PSSSF)
POSTA	TANZANIA POSTS CORPORATION
PANDARI VA SALATI	DAR ES SALAAM CITY COUNCIL
WBING A	MBINGA DISTRICT COUNCIL
STANOTION OF THE PROPERTY OF T	MPANDA DISTRICT COUNCIL
	SONGEA DISTRICT COUNCIL



#### **FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS**

- NMB PLC
- CRDB BANK

**TZS 77.336 billion** 



#### **MONEY MARKET**

GOVERNMENT BOND

**TZS 10.022 billion** 

#### **CONSTRUCTION**

- TWIGA CEMENT
- SIMBA CEMENT

**TZS** 236 million

#### **COMMUNICATIONS**

VODACOM

**TZS** 800 million



#### **AIR TRANSPORT**

**SWISSPORT** 

**TZS** 3.763 million



#### **BREWERIES & CIGARETTE**

- **TANZANIA** BREWERIES LTD
- TANZANIA CIGARETTE **COMPANY**

**TZS** 2,167 million

6

NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PLC

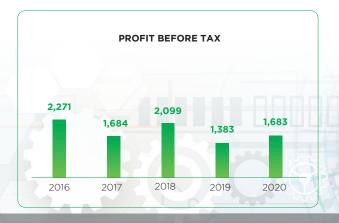
Annual Report 2021

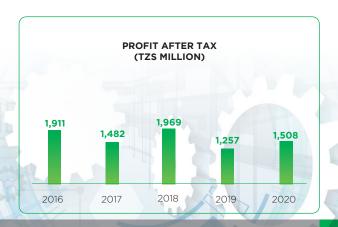
#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

#### Profit or Loss results for the years 2016 to 2020

	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
	TZS '000'	TZS '000'	TZS '000'	TZS '000'	TZS '000'
Income					
Dividend Income	3,650,794	3,807,421	2,475,714	2,458,152	3,506,248
Interest Income	243,837	77,903	63,192	33,986	52,330
Gain on Disposal	1,135,989				
Provision Written back -	1,772,660		1,262,368	335,899	
Total Income	6,803,280	3,885,324	3,801,273	2,828,037	3,558,578
Expenses					
Employees benefits	(348,118)	(486,320)	(611,399)	(645,453)	(770,371)
Administration expenses	(1,032,045)	(1,378,988)	(936,946)	(557,090)	(967,653)
Other expenses	(75,883)	(86,691)	(147,479)	(171,035)	(137,187)
Impairment- Tmcl Receivables	(3,034,000)				
Finance costs	(42,037)	(249,608)	(6,125)	(71,774)	
Profit before tax	2,271,197	1,683,717	2,099,325	1,382,685	1,683,367
Tax Charge	(360,588)	(201,502)	(130,734)	(125,997)	(175,312)
Profit after tax	1,910,609	1,482,215	1,968,591	1,256,688	1,508,055

	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
		Performance			
Basic Earning per Share	50	39	52	1	21.8
Diluted Earning per Share	39	21	28	1	21.8
Dividend payment per share	25	26	6	-	10
% Dividend payment/ EPS	50%	67%	12%	0%	46%



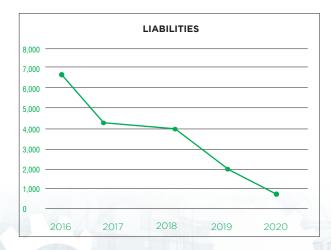


#### ••• FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

#### Financial Position (Balance Sheet) for the years 2016 - 2020

	2016 TZS '000	2017 TZS '000	2018 TZS '000	2019 TZS '000	2020 TZS '000
ASSETS					
Property, plant, and equipment	2,798	141,057	1,778,972	1,739,795	1,658,463
Investment securities	96,896,377	98,565,835	84,937,469	83,699,181	82,090,505
Current assets	5,394,891	2,327,701	1,496,646	96,943	837,879
TOTAL ASSETS	102,294,066	101,034,593	88,213,087	85,535,919	84,586,847
LIABILITIES					
Shareholder's fund	95,559,955	96,915,596	84,271,950	82,660,043	82,857,692
Current liabilities	6,734,111	4,118,996	3,941,137	2,875,876	1,729,155
TOTAL LIABILITIES	102,294,066	101,034,592	88,213,087	85,535,919	84,586,847

	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
	K	ey Indicators			
Net Assets (TZS "millions")	95,560	96,916	84,272	82,660	82,858
NAV-Value per share (TZS)	1,550	1,572	1,367	1,341	1,344
Return on Equity	21%	16%	21%	14%	16%
Return on Assets	1.87%	1.47%	2.23%	1.47%	1.78%
Cost to Income Ratio	67%	57%	45%	51%	53%
Earning per share	50	39	52	1	22
Dividend per share	25	26	6	0	10
Dividend Payment/EPS	50%	67%	12%	0%	46%



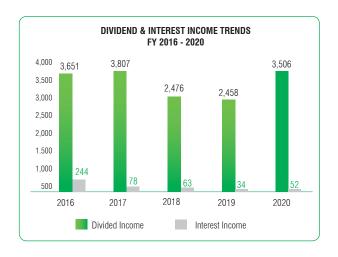
#### **Company's Liabilities**

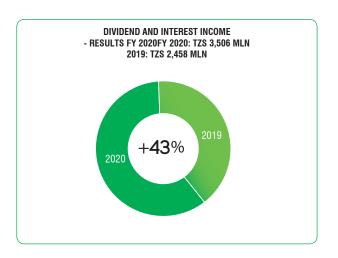
NICOL has continued to take steps to control liabilities, where for the past five years, the company has managed to offset past liabilities of over TZS 3.86 billion. The outstanding balance of **TZS 1,729** for the year 2020 includes backlogs debts in court that do not pose any risks to the company. However, half of the debt has been paid during the year 2021.

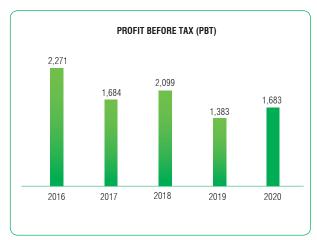
8 NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PLC Annual Report 2021

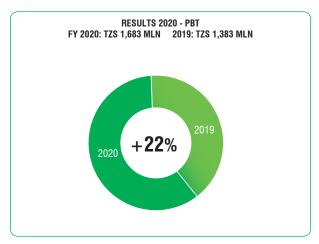
#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

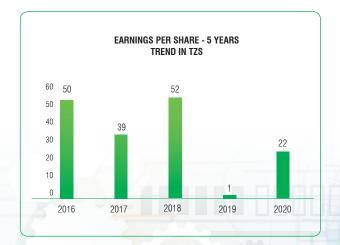
In year 2020, we delivered positive performance, with a registered Profit before tax of TZS 1,683 million being the highest by almost over 21% in comparison to the previous financial year of TZS 1,383 (PAT). We are continuing to deliver strong set of results a key of improving shareholder's value and returns. We remain to be the most efficient and dedicated collective investment scheme with a controlled and declining cost to income ratio of 53% with improved dividend payment to our shareholders.

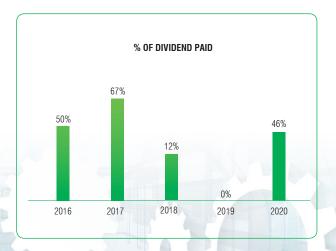






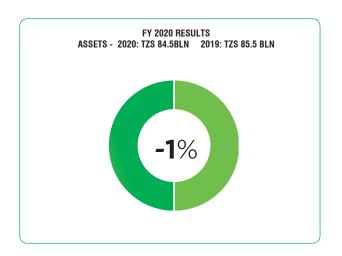


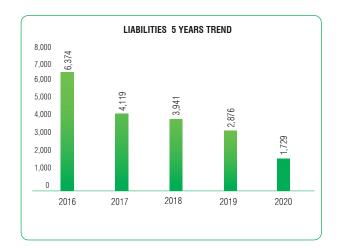


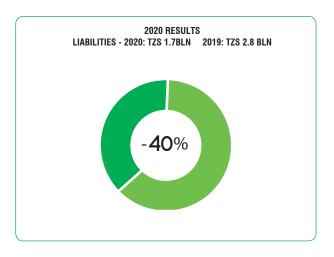


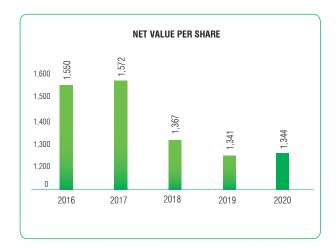
#### ••• FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

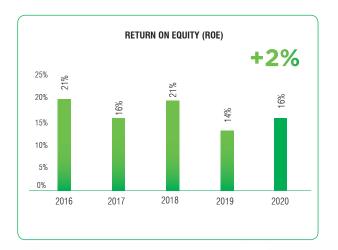












#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

•••

#### 2020 results at a glance

	2020 TZS '000	2019 TZS '000	Change TZS '000	%
ASSETS				
Property, plant and equipment	1,658,463	1,739,795	(81,332)	-5%
Investment securities	82,090,505	83,699,181	(1,608,676)	-2%
Current assets	837,879	96,943	740,936	
TOTAL ASSETS	84,586,847	85,535,919	(949,072)	-1%
LIABILITIES				
Shareholder's fund	82,857,692	82,660,043	197,649	0%
Current liabilities	1,729,155	2,875,876	(1,146,721)	-40%
TOTAL LIABILITIES	84,586,847	85,535,919	(949,072)	-1%

#### ADDED VALUE STATEMENT For the year 2020

TZS "Thousands"		
	2019	2020
	TZS "000"	TZS "000"
Value added		
Income earned from Dividend and Interest	2,492,138	3,558,578
Interest expenses	(71,774)	-
Other Income	335,899	
Administration expenses	(1,202,544)	(1,738,024)
Other administrative exp	(113,864)	(137,187)
Tax	(125,997)	
Value Added	1,313,858	1,683,367

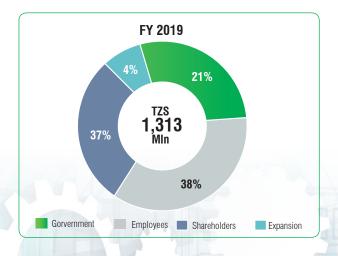
#### ••• FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

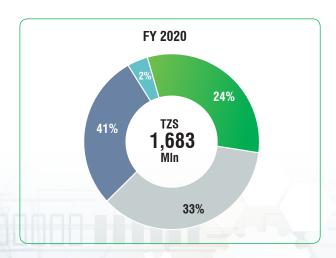
#### Value allocated to:

Employees & Directors Salaries and other ben-		
efits	501,915	555,997
Shareholders:		
Dividend to Government Institutions	42,463	65,707
Dividend to other share- holders	449,987	625,945
To Government		
PAYE	121,054	193,769
Skill Development Levy	18,396	16,699
Workers Compensation	4,088	3,906
With-holding Tax	125,997	180,545
Expansion		
Depreciation, impairment and retained earnings		40,799
	1,313,858	1,683,367

#### Distribution in %

	FY 2019	FY 2020
Employees	38%	33%
Shareholders	37%	41%
Government Tax	21%	23%
Retained Earnings	4%	2%





#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

### INTERIM FINANCIAL RESULTS Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

For the Six Month ended 30th June 2021.

As at	lalf year As a	
31-Dec-20	30-Jun-20	30-Jun-21
TZS '000	TZS '000	TZS '000

	125 '000	125 '000	128.000
Investments Income			
Dividend Income	4,317,925	3,292,996	3,506,247
Interest Income	258,448	-	52,330
Total Investment Income	4,576,373	3,292,996	3,558,578
Other Income		14	23
Total Other Income		14	23
Total Income	4,576,373	3,293,011	3,558,600
Employees Deposit evenence	(105.004)	(207116)	(770.760)
Employees Benefit expenses  Administration Expenses	(195,994) (256,673)	(287,116) (502,671)	(770,369)
Other operating Costs	(83,725)	(60,771)	(967,675) (137,187)
Total Operating Income	4,039,981	2,442,453	1,683,369
Total Operating Income	4,039,901	2,442,433	1,003,303
Finance Expenses			
Profit before Income tax	4,039,981	2,442,453	1,683,369
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, , ,	,,
Taxation	(215,896)	(164,650)	(175,312)
Profit after taxation	3,824,085	2,277,803	1,508,056
Other Comprehensive Income/Loss			
Items not classified to the profit or loss			
Net change in fair value (loss)/gain on avail-			
able for sale financial assets during the year	632,058	(754,992)	(155,014)
Loss on disposal of equity investments	(2,571,594)	(677,672)	(677,672)
Total comprehensive income/Loss	1,884,548	845,139	675,370
Davis samia na na akam (TZC)	F.C	77	00
Basic earnings per share (TZS)	56	33	22
Diluted earnings per share (TZS)	56	33	22

#### **HIGHLIGHTS**



- Increased Dividend Income by 31% attributed by NMB and DSE Dividends.
- Increased interest income by 100% from the Investment in Government Bond resulted by investment diversification.
- Cost saving of 32% in employees expenses attributed by vacant managerial positions.
- Administration expenses down by 49% resulted by cost control measures and reduced court cases.

W R VI

14

#### ••• FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

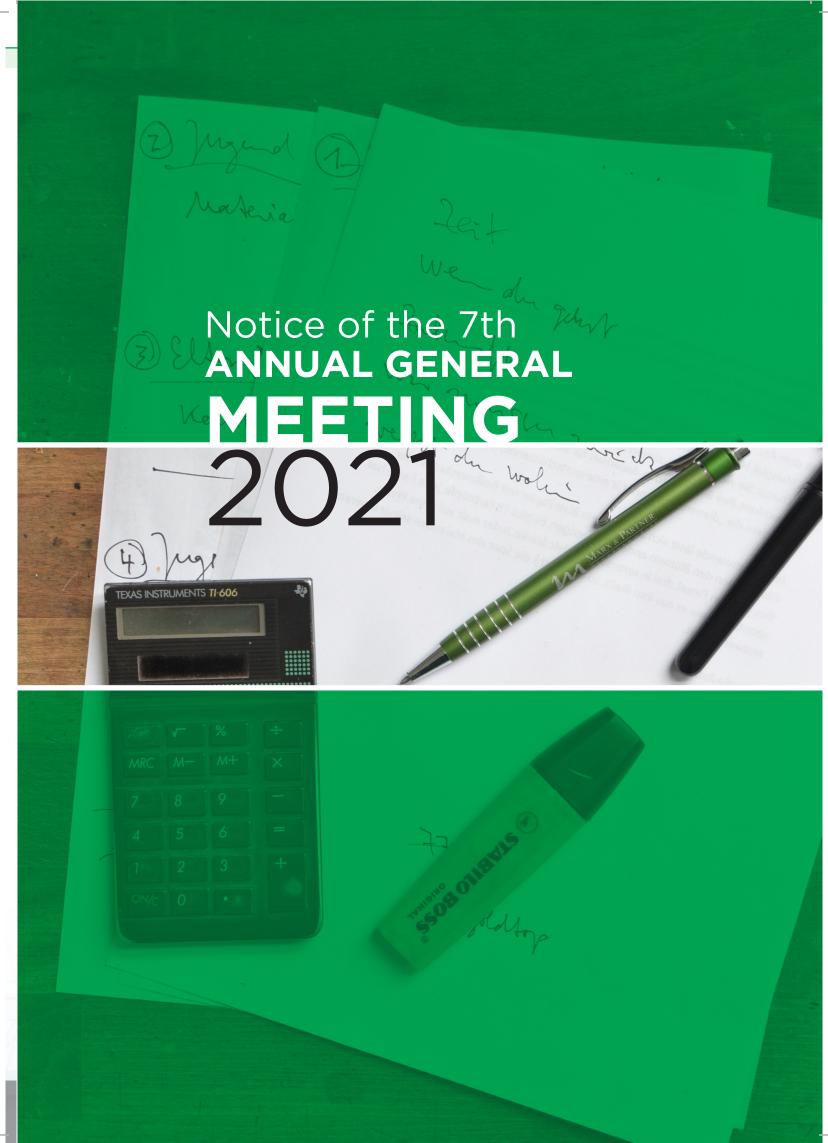
# INTERIM FINANCIAL RESULTS Statement of Financial Position For the Six month ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2021

	30-Jun-21	30-Jun-20	31-Dec-20
	TZS '000	TZS '000	TZS '000
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	1,704,770	1,675,666	1,658,463
Equity Investments	72,226,723	81,074,750	80,997,057
Government Securities	7,594,895	-	1,093,450
	81,526,388	82,750,416	83,748,970
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	236,986	111,089	68,773
Cash and cash equivalents	4,434,637	3,061,685	769,105
	4,671,622	3,172,773	837,878
Total Assets	86,198,010	85,923,190	84,586,847
Equity and Liabilities			
Capital and Reserve			
Issued Share capital	8,645,647	8,645,647	8,645,647
Share premium	647,342	647,342	647,342
Retained earnings	12,092,897	1,449,332	2,016,624
Available for sale investments reserve	63,268,110	73,440,534	71,548,082
Equity attributable to owners of the company	84,653,996	84,182,855	82,857,695
Non-controlling interests			
Total equity	84,653,996	84,182,855	82,857,695
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	19,409	23,057	122,320
Accrued	888,607	921,463	877,132
Dividend Payable	635,998	795,815	729,701
	1,544,014	1,740,335	1,729,153
Total Liabilities	1,544,014	1,740,335	1,729,153
Total Equity and Liabilities	86,198,010	85,923,190	84,586,847

Half year

As at

NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PLC Annual Report 2021





National Investments PLC 50 Mirambo Street 3rd Floor, Mirambo House P.O. Box 7465 Dar Es Salaam

Phone: +255 22 2701436/2701348

0682 720 679

E-mail: invest@nicol.co.tz

# NOTICE OF THE 7TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PLC (NICOL)

Notice is hereby given that the 7<sup>th</sup>Annual General Meeting of the National Investments Plc shareholders will be held at the Julius Nyerere International Convention Centre (JNICC) on **Friday, 3<sup>rd</sup> December, 2021** at **10.00 a.m**. The registration counters will be open from 8:30am.

The agenda will be as follows:

- 7.1 NOTICE AND QUORUM.
- 7.2. ADOPTION OF THE AGENDA.
- **7.3.** CONFIRMATION OF THE MINUTES OF THE 6th ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING HELD ON 21st NOVEMBER 2020.
- 7.4. MATTERS ARISING FROM THE MINUTES OF THE 6TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING.
- **7.5.** TO RECEIVE, CONSIDER AND ADOPT THE DIRECTORS' REPORT AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER 2020.
- 7.6. DIVIDEND DECLARATION FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2021.
- 7.7. TO RECEIVE AND APPROVE THE PROPOSAL FOR DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION.
- 7.8. RESIGNATION AND APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS.
- **7.9.** TO RECEIVE AND APPROVE APPOINTMENT OF EXTERNAL AUDITORS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2021
- 7.10. ANY OTHER BUSINESS.

#### **IMPORTANT NOTES:**

- 1. Members wishing to attend the meeting must submit one of the following: a copy of his/her depository receipt, passport, voters ID card, or driving license.
- 2. A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf in accordance with the provision of the Articles of the Company. The proxy form must be deposited at the registered office of the company (physical or by email to invest@nicol.co.tz) not later than 04:00 pm Thursday, 2<sup>nd</sup> December, 2021.
- **3.** Copies of the Annual Report and proxy forms will be available at the NICOL's office 50Mirambo, 3rd Floor Street, Mirambo House and on the company's website www.nicolplc.co.tz. For more details please contact 0733 006 177 or 022 2111 399.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PLC

Adv. Benjamin Mwakagamba Company Secretary

NICOL\_AR 2020\_new.indd 16 24/11/2021 10:25 PM





National Investments PLC 50 Mirambo Street 3rd Floor, Mirambo House P.O. Box 7465 Dar Es Salaam

Phone: +255 22 2701436/2701348

0682 720 679

E-mail: invest@nicol.co.tz

#### **DIVIDEND DECLARATION FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2021**

The Board of Directors of National Investments PLC is pleased to, subject to obtaining approval from the Annual General Meeting of shareholders to be held on **Friday 3rd December 2021**, hereby recommend Dividend of **TZS 17** per share out from the profit for the financial year 2021.

Pursuant to the dividend payment declaration, the share Register details shall remain as follows:

Announcement Date	3 <sup>rd</sup> December 2021
Trading of Share cum Dividend	3 <sup>rd</sup> December 2021
Trading of Share Ex Dividend	23 <sup>rd</sup> December 2021
Closure of the Members Register	24 <sup>th</sup> December 2021
Dividend Payment on or by	30 <sup>th</sup> December 2021

Dividend will be paid directly to shareholder's bank account

For communication, contact:

The Registrar
CSD & Registry Company Limited
2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, NHC Corporate Office
Kambarage House, 6 Ufukoni Street
P O Box 70081
Dar es Salaam
Mobile 0746 160 516
Email: registra@csdr.co.tz

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD



## **PROXY FORM**

TO:

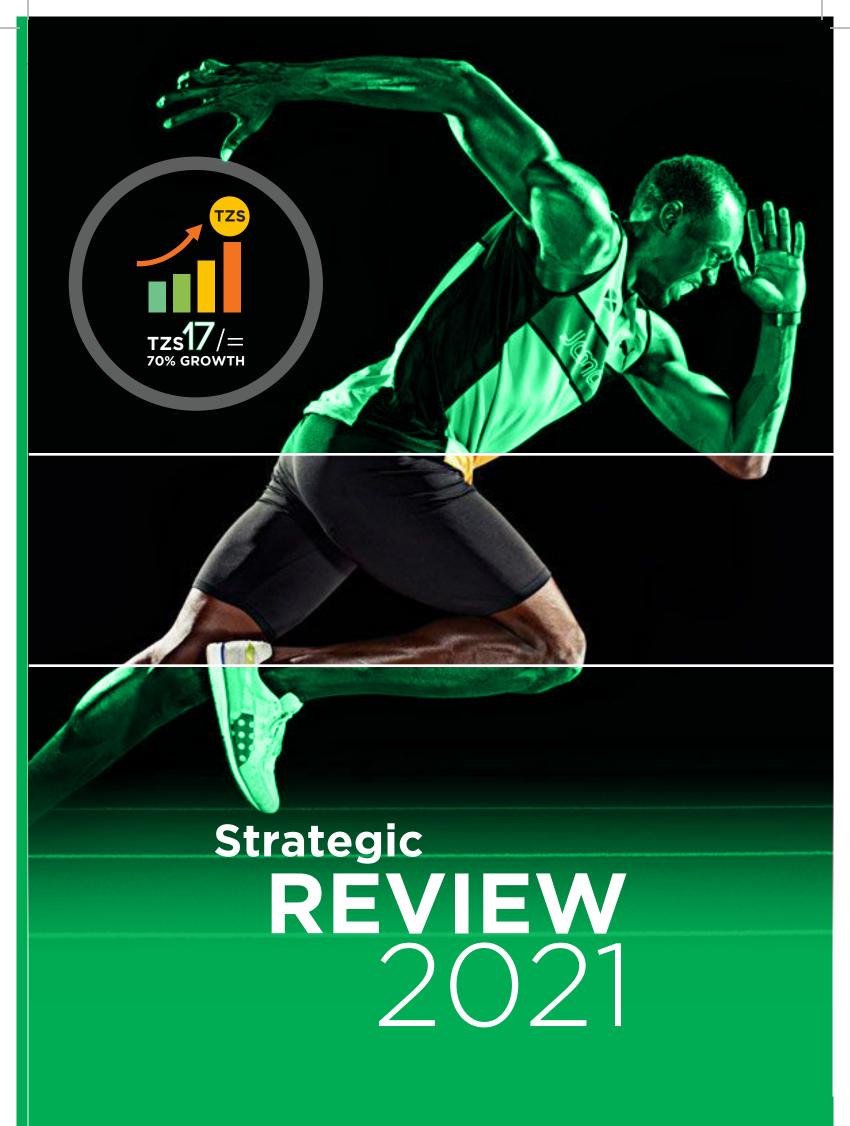
The Company Secretary National Investments PLC 50 Mirambo Street 3rd Floor, Mirambo House P.O. Box 7465 Dar Es Salaam

1/We		of	being a
fully pa	aid up member/members of the Nation	al Investments PLC	and entitled to vote, hereby appoint
	email	cellphone No	as my/our proxy, to
vote fo	r me/us and on my/our behalf at the <b>7<sup>th</sup> A</b>	ANNUAL GENERAL	<b>MEETING</b> of the Company to be held
at the	Julius Nyerere International Convention	Centre (JNICC) on I	Friday, 3 <sup>rd</sup> December, 2021 at 10.00
and at	my adjournment thereof.		
Signed	this day of20	021	
Signati	ure(s) of member (s)		

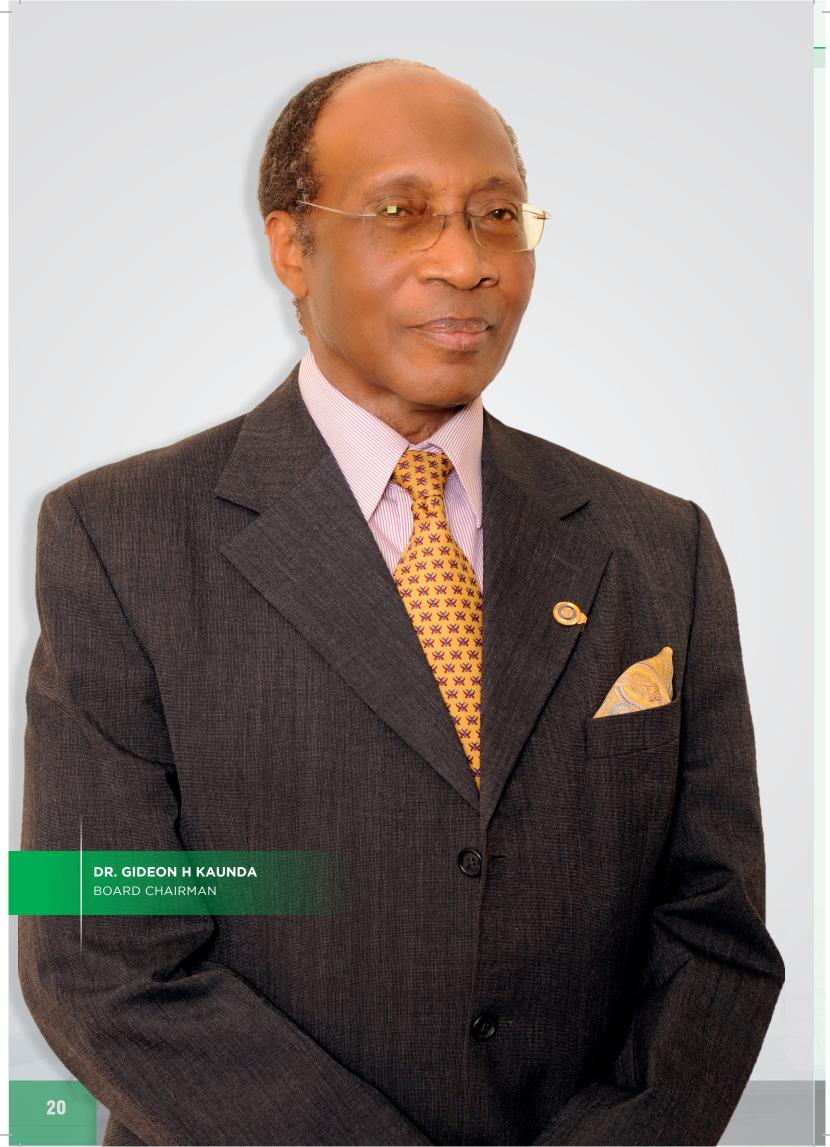
Note: A member entitled to attend, and vote may appoint, in writing a proxy to act on his/her behalf, to attend, vote and speak instead of his/her. A proxy need not also be a member of the Company.

The form must be properly filed in and returned electronically through Company Secretary Email address: invest@nicol.co.tz before Thursday, 2<sup>nd</sup> December, 2021 at 15:00 hours.

NICOL\_AR 2020\_new.indd 18 24/11/2021 10:25 PM



NICOL\_AR 2020\_new.indd 19 24/11/2021 10:25 PM



#### **CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT**

# Driving sustainable growth; Unlocking long-term value and Improving Shareholders Return.

THE PROFIT BEFORE

TAX (PBT) GREW TO

TZS 1,683 MILLION FROM

TZS 167 MILLION IN THE

YEAR 2019. NICOL'S

MARKET SHARE

PRICE CONTINUES

TO INCREASE IN AN

UPWARD TRAJECTORY,

PRESENTLY AVERAGING

TZS 250 PER SHARE.

take this opportunity with great pleasure to present to you the 2020 Annual Report and Financial Statements of the National Investments Plc (NICOL). The company continues to deliver an outstanding performance year after year, unwittingly defying the prevailing onslaught of the COVID-19 global pandemic and a plethora of challenges in the investment environment. These challenges

have enabled us to realize the enormous potential available to us in implementing key corporate strategic pillars and diversification objectives.

As we plod along with relative ease in times of dire straights, we have proudly succeeded in emboldening our confidence and vigor through selfempowerment and courage in casting our investmentnet wider, taking advantage of current opportunities in the more stable, mid to longterm investment portfolios. Much as NICOL takes pride in cherishing a sense of selfesteem, we must nevertheless at all times remain vigilant to ensure that our ambition

to excel is assuaged by temperaments of reality, genuine purpose and desire.

We present our record setting results with a sense of satisfaction, in the appraisal of our company's earnings during the year 2020. The Profit Before Tax (PBT) grew to TZS 1,683 million from TZS 167 million in the year 2019. NICOL's market share price continues to increase in an upward trajectory, presently averaging TZS 250 per share.

As Chairman of the Board, I am immensely proud of the success we have made so far along our transformation journey. From the drawbacks and uncertainties of previous years, we have continued to demonstrate our capability and strong desire for

> success. Along with these achievements, we continue in earnest to institute various measures in improving and enhancing investment, adhering to transparency and principles of good governance and integrity, which are the key pillars in enhancing corporate success and achieving development.

> The recognition such success has been progressively attained is in many ways attributable to solidarity, strong teamspirit and dedication from the top echelons to the lower managerial hierarchy, commencing with the Board.

gratitude and indebtedness to the dedication and hard work of our entire outfit of the NICOL staff, who have always worked tirelessly throughout the year, as amply exemplified by their joint efforts in the current year's laudable results in our investment diversification programs. Such amalgam of selfless spirit, commitment to duty and loyalty, coupled with institutional knowledge over the turbulent years

The Board expresses its

#### CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

since inception, has enabled those in the forefront to develop iron-clad fortification in protecting NICOL's new corporate culture, integrity and business acumen. These are the foremost attributes that will be infinitely protected as the bedrock of assured improvement in earnings and enhanced shareholders' value.

Invariably, the Board has always found solace in the support so readily offered by the CMSA and DSE, both by providing regulatory direction and guidance to enable NICOL attain its standards of good governance, integrity and compliance at all times. This goodwill has been an invaluable contribution to corporate stability and impeccable reputation in the market, as well as high esteem in the eyes of the public.

It is particularly appreciated that in an effort to buoy investment and improve the business climate, the Regulators have undertaken specific measures to cushion the economy from the impact of the pandemic, as they continue their oversight of the sector to ensure stability. Without belittling the importance of their contribution, we would sincerely like to extend our special gratitude to the Government of the United Republic of Tanzania, our Shareholders and other Stakeholders, for their unflinching support and cooperation.

#### **Economic Environment.**

The pandemic notwithstanding, the economy of Tanzania was among the best performing in the region. Nevertheless, since 2019 when growth had reached 6.8%, it subsequently declined to 2.1% in 2020, because of the COVID-19 pandemic. Growth was driven mainly by construction and manufacturing sectors on the supply side, and investments on the demand side. Monetary policy has been a critical incentive in stimulating economic growth by supporting credit and economic growth, enabling a policy rate reduction from 7% in August 2018 to the current 5% since May 2020. Due to the steady decline in food prices, Inflation fell from 3.5% in 2019 to 3.3% in 21020. The monetary exchange rates remained stable, partly due to the Bank of Tanzania's intervention to ensure stability in the foreign exchange market. The Government's fiscal consolidation has helped to reduce recurrent expenditure, but the adverse effect of COVID-19 on revenues had the effect of increasing the fiscal deficit minimally from 2.0% of GDP in 2019 to 2.3% of GDP in 2020, which in at any rate is lower than 5% targeted by the Government. Credit to the private sector maintained an annual growth of 3% in 2020, compared to 11% in 2019, with a subdued growth, partly caused by the impact of the pandemic on an assortment of business enterprises.

#### Strategic Plan.

Tremendous strides have been made towards implementing the five years strategy, and in spite of contemporary hardships in the business environment NICOL continues to gain positive momentum in attaining the desired level of success.

The year 2020 marks the end of the year for attaining set goals and objectives during the five years Medium-Term Plan (2015-2020). It is our aim in the current year (2021) to revisit our vision, mission and strategic objectives, to invigorate and synchronize the present business roadmap with that of the next medium-term period covering 2022-2026.

#### **Shareholding Structure**

Steps to reconcile share register and issued shares at the Dar Es Salaam Stock Exchange was concluded whereas 7.5 million of unpaid shares were removed from the register making the revised issued shares to be adjusted to 61,631,870 shares instead of 69,165,170 shares as previously reported. We are very grateful for the support and council received from the Capital Market and Securities Authorities (CMSA) throughout the process.

#### **Corporate Governance**

The Board of National Investments Plc upholds high standards of Corporate Governance which we believe are key to delivering sustainable shareholder value and delivering short and long term success. Throughout the year, the Board continued to provide leadership through oversight of the company's performance and internal controls. NICOL worked closely with all relevant stakeholders and regulatory authorities, (the CMSA and DSE) to ensure that our

Annual Report **2021** 

#### **CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT**

governance standards meet public expectations. During the year, the Board appointed two ex official co-opted members in the Investment Committee and the Audit and Finance Committee. These committee members were appointed based on expertise to instill stricter observance of standards and regulatory compliance as a listed company.

#### **Business Growth**

In line with our aspiration to transform and grow our business, we continued to expand our horizon with strategic investments to nourish our corporate well-being in the forefront as key participants in building the national economy. In that score, we have resolutely embarked in strategic investments in the finance sector, by allocating TZS 14 billion in purchasing Government Bond, and relinquishing ownership of the loss-making TMCL subsidiary, moves which are prudent in bringing positive changes to the shareholders returns and a positive impact in enhancing the financial position of the company.

#### **Declaration of Dividend**

In the year 2020, the Board approved and paid an interim and final dividend of TZS 10 per share out from the profit earned during the financial year 2020.





#### Dividend per share

Due to the improved performance, strong capital and positive cash position of the company during this year (2021), the directors propose payment of a dividend of TZS 17 per share, an increase of more than 70% from the previous year dividend payment of TZS 10 per share.

#### **Way Forward**

As we continue to pursue our aspirations, we remain committed to building a future corporate structure focusing on a diversified set of specialized associate enterprises, capable of flourishing and insulated from the shifting business landscape triggered by economic changes and technological imperatives to the advantage of the centrifugal growth. At all times our principal objectives is to invest in well-diversified portfolios focusing on value creation and in improving shareholders return.



Dr. Gideon H Kaunda.

**Board Chairman** 



NICOL\_AR 2020\_new.indd 24 24/11/2021 10:25 PM

#### STATEMENT FROM THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

•••

We continue to strive to achieve the goals of being a major contributor to investment and economic growth for the benefit of our Shareholders and to national economy.

tarting from January 2021, I thankfully accepted the Board's appointment to assume the position of the Acting Chief Executive Officer of NICOL, being fully aware of the magnitude of the task and appreciating the confidence of the Board in entrusting me to use my knowledge and experience in heading NICOL's Management.

Much as I have had the privilege and confidence of the Board in the past to carry out the leadership responsibility as Deputy and Ag. CEO, the dynamic nature of NICOL's investment preoccupation demands renewed energy as it brings about fresh impetus in the diversification of our portfolio. This is an area where management has concentrated and where optimal results have been achieved, as shown in the current year's reported profits and proposal for yet another interim dividend recommendation. It is a matter of satisfaction to management that the shareholders` expectations in adding value to their investment is no longer a dream but a pleasant reality. That indeed speaks a lot about NICOL's vision, corporate goals and strategies, let alone the passionate dedication of our staff and belief in the bright future of the company.

I would like to express my gratitude to the Board for their continued support, trust and guidance that have helped in setting the tone for accelerated results and efficiency in terms of our administrative performance, embedding a culture of team work. As a result of this collective resolve, we were able to deliver laudable financial results for the year 2020, thus creating a base for continued, regular and im-

proved value for our stakeholders.

As we envision going forward at the end of the Five Year Corporate Strategic Plan last year, our focus is geared towards: -

- Improving NICOL's visibility and activity in the Dar-Es-Salaam Stock Exchange;
- The diversification of NICOL's portfolio in additional, less risky investments with higher returns;
- Optimizing on resource utilization and instituting cost-effective measures at all levels;

I am happy to report that we have successfully accomplished implementation of our set corporate goals and presently are proactively preoccupied in assessing the magnitude of various challenges as we face competition and the investment lull triggered by interventions necessitated by the COVID - 19 pandemic.

It is against this background that the company is currently in the process to reviewing the next five years corporate strategic plan, in line with the company's vision and mission to become a strong and leading collective investment scheme in Tanzania.

#### **COMPANY PERFORMANCE**

The Annual Report of this year shows that the company's profit after tax grew by 20%, which is a significant increase from 1,257 million in 2019 to TZS 1,508 million in 2020. This increase was derived from enhanced dividend and interest income, in an environment of controlled expenses.

#### **CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S REPORT**

The share price of the company at the Dar-es-Salaam Stock Exchange (DSE) improved by 47%. The NICOL shares are currently traded at the price of TZS 250 per share, compared to TZS 175 per share traded in the previous year. Accordingly, net assets per share of the company improved by 2% from TZS 1,342 per share in the previous year to TZS 1,344 per share in 2020. Management expects that with continued good performance, the share price at the DSE will improve to narrow the margin between the current market value and the more realistic company value, which stands at TZS 1,344 per share, as reported in this Annual Report.

**PORTFOLIO DIVERSIFICATION** 

In line with the Board and CMSA directives, management has finally completed the long-desired portfolio diversification, whereby the first batch of 6.6 million NMB shares were sold and sum of TZS 11.2 billion was realized, out of which TZS 6.7 billion was invested in the 20 and 25 years Bond. The remaining TZS 4.3 billion is earmarked for investment in the Primary Government Bond floated on 13th October 2021, at an interest rate of 15.49% per annum.

Currently, as at 30th August 2021, a sum of TZS 11 billion has been invested in the Government Bond, and we expect to reach an investment

of TZS 14 billion by end of December, 2021 when the remaining funds will be invested in the Government Bond as planned. This initiative is likely to bring additional income in interest of TZS 2.3 billion in the next year 2022. Through these measures, it is envisaged that our revenues will be boosted by about 40% in the coming financial period.

#### **INVESTMENT IN TANZANIA MEAT COMPANY** LIMITED

Based on views of the Board, NICOL Management continued to liaise closely and develop an amicable relationship with NARCO to ensure a smooth winding-up of the affairs of TMCL and protection of NICOL's investment interests as directed by the shareholders.

Management took all necessary steps to ensure a smooth winding -up of the TMCL and legally exit from TMCL ownership. However, due to NARCO's abstinence and refusal to reach accommodation on all the proposals made by NICOL, including allowing a formal and legally required exit by signing BRELA Exit Forms, Management engaged NICOL's company's lawyers to petition for a mandatory Court Order to implement the relinquishing of NICOL shareholding in TMCL. The matter is still in pending adjudi-

> cation in Court. The exit plan is an important path to protect future NICOL's interests in TMCL which we have been considered to be an import-

ant execution.

#### **UPDATES ON COURT CASES**

During the period, the Management continued to deal and record an achievement and recording a winning of long outstanding court cases which the company has been delt with for more than 10 years, current status is shown in the summary below:

#### 1). Land Case No 29 of 2018

We won a very long outstanding case against Twiga Feed which the court awarded NICOL a sum of TZS

1,832,800,000 which includes principle and interest. The matter is still in execution stage. However, the plaintiff lodged an appeal which the company believes that there's still a great chance of winning the appeal and proceed executing the judgment.

2). Civil Case No 282 of 2017 (NICOL Vs Felix Mosha & Kathleen Armstrong.

During the period, we recorded a success in wining the above case.

2021, A SUM OF TZS 11 BILLION HAS BEEN INVESTED IN THE GOVERNMENT BOND. AND WE EXPECT TO REACH AN INVESTMENT OF TZS 14 BILLION BY END OF DECEMBER.

AS AT 30TH AUGUST

2021 WHEN THE REMAINING FUNDS WILL BE INVESTED IN THE **GOVERNMENT BOND AS** 

PLANNED.

#### CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S REPORT





# 3). Civil Appeal No 80 of 2019 (NICOL Vs Kathleen Armstrong)

An appeal was lodged by NICOL to revise the High Court decision on extension of time against labour dispute on the award of USD 261,386. Due to the circumstances, there is a higher chance of winning the appeal.

4). Other five court cases remain in progress at different court, we are still optimistic that, there's a great chance of winning the case none of these may have significant impact to the company.

#### INTERIM FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE REVIEW

Our financial results for the half year 2021 recorded a very strong performance which attributed mostly by increased dividend income and interest income. The company's profit before tax improved by about 60% to TZS 4,039,981,000 compared to similar period, earning per share also increased to TZS 56 per share. It is our expectation that profit after tax at the end of the year 2021 will be around TZS 2.8 billion net of expenses which leads earning per share to be around TZS 45 per share.

In view of interim financial results and expected results by the end of financial year 2021, Management recommended payment of dividend of TZS 17 per share out from the profit for the year 2021. Year 2020, the company declared and paid TZS 10 per share out from the profit earned in the Financial Year 2020.

#### **FUTURE OUTLOOK**

It is my determination that the company has now restored its original objectives in fulfilling sharehold-

ers' aspirations. In that regard, I hope NICOL has now secured a positive change in its public perception and the shareholders' confidence will continue to be stronger. We are committed continuing working tirelessly to attain NICOL's goals guided by the following objectives:

- Take all necessary measures to ensure compliance in general and specifically abide by continuous listing obligations.
- Improve earnings and share value to its realistic target.
- Increase dividend payment to the shareholders.
- Continue with the efforts to gain a balanced investment portfolio to attain better results in future.

Our ambitions and aspiration is to continue investing in less risks portfolio and all returns from Government Bonds be re-invested in similar portfolio to cause long term investment value creation.

#### **WORD OF THANKS**

To conclude, I am grateful for the dedication and hard work of the entire staff who showed great resilience throughout this year and difficult time in driving the company's strategy. I also wish to thank our valued Shareholders, brokers, business partners and investors for their continued support throughout the year.

Lastly, I would like to express my sincere gratitude to the Board of Directors for their support, counsel, and guidance. Under the leadership of our strong Board Chairman Dr. Gideon H Kaunda, we confidently look forward to the journey that lies ahead as we aim to continue delivering an outstanding performance to our shareholders.

-----

CPA. Erasto G Ngamilaga AG. CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER



#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

We believe in adopting the best practices in Corporate Governance. The Board, Management and NICOL employees are committed to upholding the core values of transparency, integrity, honesty and accountability, which are fundamental to the attainment of good governance and excellent performance in any organisation.

Good corporate governance principles are accepted as the drivers of improved corporate performance throughout the world. Responsibility for overseeing the proper implementation of good corporate governance rests with the directors.

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Major Function**

The Board is responsible and accountable for providing effective corporate governance, direction, and control of the company. The directors have a duty to exercise leadership, enterprise, integrity, and judgment based on transparency, fairness, accountability, and responsibility.

The Board is responsible for appointing Management, adopting a corporate strategy, policies, procedures and monitoring operational performance including identifying risks impacting the company. It is also responsible for managing good relationships with all shareholders and all other stakeholders including Government.

#### **BOARD COMPOSITION**

During the end of year 2020, the Board was made up of four non-executive directors with different skills and experience in various economic sectors.

#### **BOARD MEMBER APPOINTMENTS**

Members of NICOL Board are appointed by the General Meeting. The appointment shall be preceded by written application from any member or person willing and ready to serve as Director, and meets the criteria, at least 14 days prior to the date of the General Meeting at the appointment is an agenda item. However, all Shareholders of the National Investments Plc have equal rights regardless of the number of shares owned.

#### **RESIGNATION**

Resignation by a serving director should be disclosed in the annual report together with the details of the circumstances necessitating the resignation.

#### **BOARD MEMBERSHIP CRITERIA**

Candidates nominated for election or re-election to the Board of Directors are expected to possess the following qualifications:

- a. Personal characteristics: highest personal and professional ethics, integrity and values; an inquiring and independent mind; and practical wisdom and mature judgment.
- b. Experience at the policy-making level in business, government or education.
- c. Expertise that is useful to the Company and complementary to the background and experience of other Board members. In this regard, previous executive and board experience, an international perspective, vast knowledge in portfolio management and investments.
- d. Willingness to devote the required amount of time to perform the duties and responsibilities of Board membership.
- e. Commitment to serve on the Board to National Investments Plc's principal operations.
- f. Willingness to represent the best interests of all shareholders and objectively appraise investments performance.
- g. No involvement in activities or interests that create a conflict with the director's responsibilities to NICOL and its shareholders.

The Committee is responsible for assessing the appropriate mix of skills and characteristics required of Board members in the context of the perceived needs of the Board at a given point in time and shall periodically review and update the criteria as the requirements of the time.

#### **BOARD COMMITTEE**

The Board has established three standing committees, Board Executive Committee, Board Finance and Audit Committee; and Investments Committee whose duties and functions have been set in the company's manual. The Board may also establish such other standing or special committees in accordance with the exigencies of the circumstances.

#### **BOARD EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE**

The Committee assists the Board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company. The Committee exercises the powers of the Board in managing the business and affairs of the Company during the intervals between Board meetings, when action by the Board is necessary or desirable but convening a special Board meeting is not warranted or practical.

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Committee assists the Board in fulfilling its oversight responsibility relating to the integrity of the company's financial statements and financial reporting process, systems of accounting and financial controls; the annual external audit of financial statements; performance of the Internal Audit, Risk and Compliance Functions; compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; and compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards and applicable laws, rules and regulations.

#### **INVESTMENTS COMMITTEE**

The Investment Committee is responsible for creating and overseeing benchmarks and directives and measure their potential impact on financial condition of NICOL and assess their suitability in meeting the objectives of NICOL.

#### **BOARD MEETINGS**

The Board meets quarterly, with additional meetings convened as and when necessary.

During 2020, the Board and its committees met to discuss and decide on the business activities. The Board Committees act on behalf of the Board to direct the company effectively and accelerate the decision-making process.

The number of meetings held over the course of the year is given in brackets:

	D   M +!		/11	
•	Board Meetings	(		)

•	Executive	Committee	Meetina	(8)

The following table shows the number of Board and Committee meetings held during the year 2020 and the attendance by Directors.

DIRECTORS	BOARD (11)	BEC (8)	BFAC (4)	BINC (2)
Dr. Gideon H Kaunda	11	8	n/a	1
Mrs. Joyce N Nyanza	11	n/a	4	2
Eng. Peter D Chisawillo	10	8	n/a	2
Late Eng. Ladislaus Salema	3	n/a	n/a	-
Ms. Anna Baliyima *	10	n/a	4	n/a

n/a - not applicable \*Appointed year 2019

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

The company Secretary is Adv. Benjamin Mwakagamba, he provides support and guidance to the Board in matters relating to governance, legal and ethical practices including taking notes of the Board meetings. He is also responsible for induction programs of new Directors, setting up Board meeting calendar, keeping board members abreast of relevant changes in legislation and governance principles.

#### **COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS**

The company recognizes that effective communication with stakeholders is essential to good governance.

Shareholders are encouraged to attend the Annual General Meeting to be held on Friday, 3rd December 2021 to be conducted at the Julius Nyerere International Conference Centre (JNICC) and request

# DIRECTOR'S PROFILE



#### DIRECTORS' PROFILE

NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PLC

#### Dr. Gideon H Kaunda CHAIRMAN

Graduated first as a lawyer earning an LLB degree,
University of East Africa, Dar-Es-Salaam College. Practiced
in Tanzania, Kenya and Uganda as Counsel in the EACSO/
EAC, prior to appointment as Tanzania Permanent
Representative on ICAO Council in Montreal, Canada. He
rejoined Government service after his overseas diplomatic
tour of duty. As a UNDP Scholar, Dr. Kaunda obtained a
Diploma in Air and Space law, subsequently graduating with
a Masters Degree (LLM) and a PhD (DCL), at the Faculty of
Graduate Studies and Research, McGill University, Canada.

At different times Dr. Kaunda has served as a Consultant with the World Bank, the UNDP, the European Union (EU), AFCAC, Economic Commission for Africa (ECA), COMESA and the Lesotho Government on infrastructure projects. Dr. Kaunda supervised the establishment of Alliance Air, a jointly owned airline by Governments of Tanzania, South Africa and Uganda. In 2001 he became an Associate Director, DCDM, a Mauritius based Consulting firm of Business Integrators, Auditors and Accountants.

Before joining the private sector as a TPSF Member, Dr. Kaunda was appointed by a London Panel of Judges Session as an Arbitrator of the International Court of Aviation and Space Arbitration (ICASA). He maintains special interest in the Outer Space regime and scientific studies on celestial bodies, associated with the UN- COPUOS. Other areas of involvement include: Member, Tanzania Institute of Directors; Trustee; Nelson Mandela African Institute of Science and Technology: Founder Director, VIASAT-1 Free to Air Television Network (TV-1.); Participant; Tanzania Government Technical Preparatory Team for the Five Year Development Plan (FYDP-II) 2016 - 2021; Member, Court Users' Committee, High Court Commercial Division; Chairman; Rural Energy Agency (REA); Board Director and Investment Committee Member; TICL; Member, Tanganyika Law Society and Advocate of the High Court of Tanzania; Life Member, McGill Institute of Air and Space Law Canada, Co-opted Member, Flight Transportation Laboratory, Centre for Advanced Engineering Study, School of Aeronautics and Astronautics, Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT), Cambridge, Boston USA; Rotary International Paul Harris Fellow (2002); President, Rotary Club of Dar-Es-Salaam (2002-2003).

NICOL\_AR 2020\_new.indd 32 24/11/2021 10:26 PM

Annual Report 2021

#### **DIRECTORS' PROFILE**





# Mrs. Joyce N Nyanza NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Mrs. Joyce Ng'walu Nyanza is an accountant by profession, she had an Advanced Diploma in Accountancy (ADA) acquired from the Institute of Finance Management (IFM) DSM Tanzania from 1989-1992. Mrs. Joyce Ng'walu Nyanza also possesses a MBA acquired from University of Keele, Staffordshire in UK from Sept, 1995 to August, 1996.

She had worked for Tanzania Social Action Fund (TASAF) for 9 years in different capacities as District Accountant January, 2001 - December, 2004 as well as Zonal System Auditor from January, 2005-December, 2009.

Before joining TASAF Mrs. Nyanza was working as Cash & Liquidity Manager with Swiss Agency for Development Cooperation (SDC) under embassy of Switzerland between May, 1999 and December, 2000. She has also worked as a Board Director in the CRDB Bank Plc for 6 years (2007 - 2013).

She was a Director in the Board of Kilakala Girl's Secondary School from 2008 – 2012, She is also a Board member in Kitungwa Secondary School from 2014 to date.

#### DIRECTORS' PROFILE



# Ms. Anna Baliyima NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Anna Baliyima is the Managing Partner of NCCL auditors and an experienced auditor and tax expert with over 12 years of combined work experience some of these with Ernest and Young and Dangote industries Limited

Anna Baliyima is a certified Public accountant registered with the National Board of Accountants and Auditors in Tanzania as an Associates CPA in public Practice and registered with Tanzania Revenue Authority as a tax consultant. She also holds Bachelor of commerce in accounting from University of Dar es Salaam.

She has been managing audit, advisory and tax assignments in the private sectors, the public sector and Non-Government Organization (NGOs).

Ms. Anna was appointed as the non-executive director of National Investments Plc on 26th October 2019.

# Eng. Peter Chisawillo NON EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Currently Serving as Director of the TMC-Board, he has an M.Sc. in Design of Production Machines and Systems (Cranfield University, UK), B.Sc. Mechanical Engineering (Nairobi); other professional qualification is a Registered Professional Engineer with Reg. No. 756 and Member of the Institution of Engineers Tanzania.

Also, currently working with Intermech Engineering Ltd (Managing Director ), He has over 30 years of experience, having worked at Mzinga Corporation Morogoro starting as Maintenance Engineer later as Design and Quality Engineer and eventually Chief Engineer. A few among the many Membership Associations and Organizations he has served are: Board Member for Tanzania Investment Centre (TIC), National Development Corporation (NDC), Dar es salaam Water and Sewage Authority (DAWASA), Tanzania Meat Co. Ltd (TMC), Mbeya University of Science and Technology, Tanzania Export Processing Zones Authority, Tanzania Engineering Manufacturing and Design Organisation (TEMDO).

He served as President, Tanzania Chamber of Commerce Industry & Agriculture (TCCIA) and Chairman of the East African Chamber of Commerce Industry & Agriculture (EACCIA).



34 NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PLC Annual Report 2021

NICOL\_AR 2020\_new.indd 34 24/11/2021 10:26 PM

### **DIRECTORS' PROFILE**





Adv. Benjamin Mwakagamba COMPANY SECRETARY

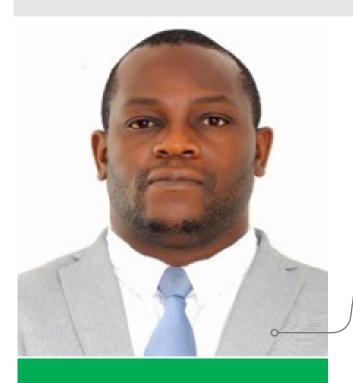
Mr. Benjamin Mwakagamba is an Advocate of High Court of Tanzania and a professional member of Tanganyika Law Society, (TLS) and East Africa Law Society (EALS),

He is currently the Managing Partner and founder of the Law Firm styled as BM Attorneys.

He is a legal practitioners and traveled appreciable distance in the litigation field. He deals with among others company formation and investments advice, Legal services to Bank and Financial institution, corporate restructuring.

Environmental Law, intellectual property law, Corporate, Statutory and Business support services, Labour Law, Tax Law, and Land Law conveyancing and receivership liquidation. He is appointed retainer by Tanzania Action Aid as Legal counsel handling all legal matter of the organization and he is also a company Secretary of National Investment Company Limited (NICOL).

...



# CPA. Erasto Gaudence Ngamilaga ACTING CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

CPA. Erasto Gaudence Ngamilaga joined National Investments PLC in June 2017, after more than five years of service at the Serengeti Breweries Ltd as subsidiary of the DIAGEO a multinational company based in UK served in various senior leadership position including Credit Risk Manager and Supply Finance Manager. Before entrusted by the NICOL Board to act the position of the Chief Executive Officer in NICOL, Ngamilaga is also serves as the Chief Financial Officer of NICOL. Prior to year 2017, Ngamilaga also served as the Deputy Chief Executive Officer of the National Investments PLC, where he brought significant impacts to the achievement in the re-listing of NICOL shares at the Dar Es Salaam Stock Exchange in year 2018.

Ngamilaga career in Finance and Management spans over fifteen (15) years, covering Financial Accounting, Banking Operation, Project Management and control functions. He has immense experience in Strategic Management, Management, Transformational Leadership and Business Turnaround Strategy.

He has successfully led teams to deliver on various key areas that have helped to shape the required needs of the companies. Earlier in his career, Ngamilaga worked for NMB Plc as the bank officer and later promoted as the Financial Analyst and selected to be part leading transformation team (Sunrise Project) that helped to transform the Bank's cultural environment.

In 2009, had to grow his career and was hired by the TanzaniteOne Mining Ltd as the Manufacturing Accountant and later promoted to the position of Finance Manager. He was then moved to Sumbawanga Agricultural and Animal Feed Ltd as the Finance Manager in 2011.

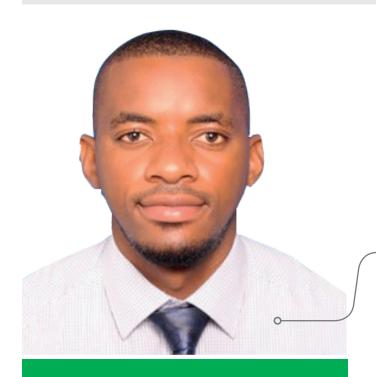
Ngamilaga is the Certified Public Accountant (CPA T) issued by the National Board of Accountant and Auditors (NBAA) and also holds a Master's Degree in Finance and Investments from Coventry University. He has also attended various Executive Development and Leadership programs, various NBAA seminars and other development programs.

Ngamilaga is the believer of positive change to bring about positive impacts to the owners of the Shareholders, to the people and to the national economy at large.

36 NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PLC Annual Report 2021

NICOL\_AR 2020\_new.indd 36





# Mr. Deogratias Dario INVESTMENT MANAGER

Deogratias Dario joined NICOL as the Investment Manager in April 2021. He has extensive knowledge and expertise in financial markets, portfolio management and project financing. He is responsible for development of strategic plans of the company's direction and analyse investment opportunities with potential to meet the company's financial and investment objectives.

Prior to joining NICOL, Deogratias worked in the stock brokerage and investment advisory industry for six years in various roles at CORE Securities Limited. Throughout his career he has accumulated a deep understanding of the Tanzanian capital market and attained strong requisites as an investment advisor.

Deogratias holds a MSc. in Finance and Investment from Coventry University and a Bachelor's degree in Economics and Finance from the Institute of Accountancy Arusha. Also, He holds the Securities Industry Certification from Capital Markets and Securities Authority (CMSA) in collaboration with the Chartered Institute of Securities and Investment, UK.







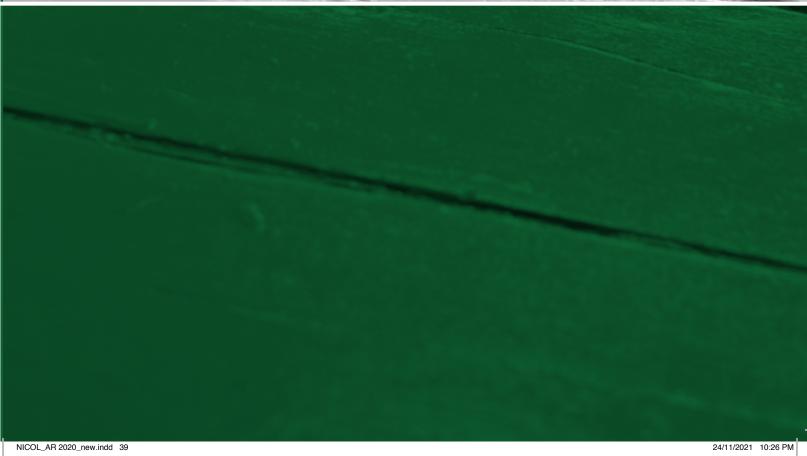
Along with our efforts to improve returns and value creation, on 2018, the company purchased a semi-finished building property at Msasani beach plot No 818 for the purpose of building corporate NICOL office and for commercial purpose which will include office space and conference/functional hall.

The completion of the building is expected to stimulate future expansion, building corporate image inside and outside the country and as well as increase returns.

NICOL\_AR 2020\_new.indd 38 24/11/2021 10:26 PM







### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

			Nationality
BOARD OF DIRECTORS	Dr. Gideon H Kaunda		Tanzanian
	Mrs. Joyce N Nyanza		Tanzanian
	Eng. Ladslaus M Salema	(Deceased 11 May 2020)	Tanzanian
	Ms Anna John Baliyima		Tanzanian
MANAGEMENT	Kinoni A. Wamunza	CEO (Retired on 2nd February 2020)	Tanzanian
	Arphaxad G. Masambu	CEO (Up to 31 December 2020)	Tanzanian
	Mr. Erasto Ngamilaga	Chief Financial Officer and Acting CEO	Tanzanian
REGISTERED OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS	11 Serengeti Road Mikocheni B P.O. Box 7465 Dar Es Salaam Tanzania		
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR	PKF ASSOCIATES TANZA P. O. Box 7323 Dar Es Salaam Tanzania	NIA	
COMPANY SECRETARY	MR. BENJAMIN S MWAKA 11 Serengeti Road, Mikoche P. O. Box 7465 Dar Es Salaam Tanzania		
PRINCIPAL BANKERS	NATIONAL MICROFINANCE Bank House P.O. Box 9213 Dar Es Salaam Tanzania	CE BANK LIMITED	
	DIAMOND TRUST BANK T	ANZANIA LIMITED	
	Masaki Branch P.O. Box 115 Dar Es Salaam Tanzania		
	AMANA BANK LIMITED		
	Golden Jubilee Tower P.O. Box 9771 Dar Es Salaam Tanzania		

Annual Report 2021

NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PLC

The Directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020, which discloses the state of affairs of the Company as of that date.

### 1. **INCORPORATION**

National Investments Public Limited Company (NICOL) is a publicly listed company incorporated in the United Republic of Tanzania under the Companies Act 2002 through certificate of incorporation No 41644 of 27 June 2001.

NICOL has an authorized share capital of TZS 200 billion divided into 1.6 billion shares of TZS 125 each.

NICOL's registered office is situated at 11 Serengeti Road, Mikocheni "B", P.O. Box 7465, Dar es Salaam, Tanzania.

### 2. PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the Company is to invest in shares of listed and unlisted companies, invest in bonds or other securities, establish and manage business enterprises in key sectors of the economy, such as manufacturing, financial services, telecommunications, agriculture, mining and other service sectors.

### 3. **SUBSIDIARIES**

National Investments Public Limited Company previously owned two subsidiary companies as detailed below:

Name of company	% of share holding	Status
Tanzania Meat Company Limited (TMCL)	51	To be liquidated*
Tanzania Fisheries and Development Company Limited (TFDCL)	100	Wound up**

\*On 27th December 2019, the Minister of livestock and Fisheries took over the ownership of the assets of TMCL and took control of the management of TMCL which actions resulted in NICOL losing control and the right to consolidate the financial statements of TMCL. Subsequently, on 26 May 2020 it was advertised that following the 24 April 2020 TMCL shareholders meeting, a decision was made to liquidate TMCL.

\*\*The activities of Tanzania Fisheries Development Company Limited (TFDC) were processing of Fish and its by-products for the export market. Due to its poor performance and dormancy for many years, the Board resolved that the company be liquidated and its assets be disposed off. The company was voluntarily wound up on 19 June 2019.

### 4. **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

The names of Directors who held office during the year and to the date of this report are as follows;

Names	Designation	Date of ap- pointment	Nationality
Dr. Gideon H Kaunda*	Chairman	28-July-2018	Tanzanian
Mrs. Joyce N Nyanza	Member	14-Apr-2012	Tanzanian
Eng.Ladislaus M Salema (Deceased 11 May 2020)*	Member	28-July-2018	Tanzanian
Eng. Peter D Chisawillo	Member	02-Dec-2017	Tanzanian
Ms Anna John Baliyima	Member	26-Oct-2019	Tanzanian

<sup>\*</sup> Re-appointment

The Directors who had an interest in the issued and paid up share capital of the Company as of year end as detailed below:

Names	No of shares
Dr. Gideon H Kaunda (Chairman)	19,752
Mrs. Joyce N Nyanza (Member)	30,000
Estate of the late Eng. Ladislaus M Salema	11,486
Eng. Peter D Chisawillo	10,770

### 5. SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The following is a list of shareholders who individually owned 0.5% or more of the shares of the Company as of year-end.

		2020		2019
Name of shareholders	%	Number of shares	%	Number of shares
Public Service Social Security Fund	8.20%	5,666,670	8.20%	5,666,670
David Lang Ross	2.30%	1,560,373	1.80%	1,274,873
Ernest Saronga Massawe	1.20%	808,000	1.20%	808,000
Tanzania Posts Authority	1.20%	800,000	1.20%	800,000
Tim Sandeman Starermose	1.10%	784,500	0.90%	647,380
Mark William Njiu	1.00%	716,000	1.00%	716,000
Maheboob Jafferali Ramj	0.60%	411,970	0.00%	-
General public	84.50%	58,417,657	85.70%	59,252,247
	100.00%	69,165,170	100.00%	69,165,170

### 6. STOCK EXCHANGE INFORMATION

The company is listed on the Dar es Salaam Stock Exchange (DSE). The share price as at 31 December 2020 was Tshs 185 (2019: Tshs 175). The market capitalization as at 31 December 2020 was Tshs 12,795,556,450 (2019: Tshs 12,103,904,750).

42 NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PLC Annual Report 2021

Stock price changes are affected by the demand and supply of shares in the stock market. Changes in economic conditions, regulations and accounting standards can have an impact on corporate profits, which would result in stock price changes on at least a temporary basis.

### 7. GOING CONCERN

As of 31 December 2020, the Company realized a net profit of TZS 1.508 billion (2019: TZS 41.372 million).

The Company held investments in quoted instruments with a carrying value of TZS 80.997 billion (2019: TZS 83.699 billion) and treasury bonds with a carrying value of TZS 1.093 billion. The decrease in value of quoted shares arose out of the reduction in trading activities at the DSE and also due to disposal of some of the shares held in Tanzania Breweries Limited (TBL), with proceeds being reinvested in government bonds. The quoted instruments can be readily liquidated in order to settle the company's finance obligations as and when they fall due, hence the realization of assets and settlement of liabilities will occur in the ordinary course of business.

Consequently, these financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

### 8. FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

	2020	2019
	TZS.'000	TZS.'000
Profit before tax	1,683,367	167,369
Tax charge	(175,312)	(125,997)
Profit for the year	1,508,055	41,372

The Board is implementing investments portfolio diversification in order to boost and improve profitability of the Company as advised by the shareholders during the 5th Annual General Meeting. The objective of the company's business model for managing the financial equity assets was changed to having these held for trading and some of the equity investments were disposed off to take advantage of the higher yields in the government bonds market.

The results for the year are set out on page 49.

### 9. **DIVIDENDS**

During the year 2020, the Directors recommended payment of a final dividend of TZS 10 per share (2019: TZS 6) amounting to TZS 477,720,000 (2019: TZS 414,991,000) out of the profits for the year 2020 and 2018 respectively. The payment of the dividend was approved at the 6th AGM and paid on 14th December 2020 for the verified shares.

### 10. STATE OF AFFAIRS

The Company's state of affairs as at 31 December 2020 is set out on page 54 of these financial statements.

### 11. ADMINISTRATIVE MATTERS

The Company administrative matters are handled by the Board of Directors with delegated responsibility to management.

### 12. **EMPLOYEE MATTERS**

### Management/employee relationship

Management/employees relationship continued to be good during year. The Company's employment terms are reviewed annually in consultation with the workers trade union representatives to ensure they continue to meet statutory and market conditions.

The Company communicates with its employees through regular management and staff meetings and through circulars and an in-house newsletter, which is published quarterly.

A training program is drawn up every year to cater for all grades of staff. Training is mainly conducted in-house. However, external institutions are used for specialized and executive training programs.

### **Retirement benefits**

All eligible employees are members of the National Social Security Fund. The Company and staff each contribute 10% of the employees' gross salary. The Company has no further legal or constructive obligation to pay further top-up contributions.

### **Medical assistance**

All staff and their dependents (spouse and up to four children) are availed medical services by the Company through an external service provider. Currently, NICOL staff obtains medical insurance services provided by the National Health Insurance Fund (NHIF).

### 13. **RELATIONSHIP WITH STAKEHOLDERS**

The Company continued to maintain good relationships with all stakeholders including regulators.

The Company also recognizes that effective communication with stakeholders is essential to good governance. Following the publication of its financial results, the Company engages with investors to present the results and answer questions accordingly. Shareholders are encouraged to attend the Annual General Meeting and participate in the affairs of the Company.

The Company is committed to the highest standards of corporate governance. Its governance structure is flexible enough to adapt to changes in the internal and external environment and the Company strives to regularly review its processes, rules and regulations and structure with a view to ensuring the best performance and overall management of its business. The Company adheres to good standards and practices of corporate governance.

The Company's key aspects of corporate governance include:

### The Board of Directors

NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PLC

The Directors are appointed by the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting for a term of four (4) years. The Directors are eligible for re-appointment as long as the appointment is approved by the shareholders. The Board is responsible and accountable to shareholders for ensuring that NICOL complies with all relevant laws and the highest standards of corporate governance and business ethics.

NICOL\_AR 2020\_new.indd 44 24/11/2021 10:26 PM

Annual Report **2021** 

The Board provides the overall strategic direction, reviews performance and takes material policy decisions. Responsibility for implementing strategy and the day to day operations is delegated by the Board to the Chief Executive Officer (CEO). The Board meets regularly to review all policy issues pertaining to operations and effectiveness of internal control and general financial matters, throughout the year.

### **Board Meetings**

The Company is committed to the principles of effective corporate governance and recognizes the importance of integrity, transparency, and accountability. During the year, the Board had the following board sub-committees to ensure a high standard of corporate governance:

- i. Board Executive Committee (BEC).
- ii. Board Investment Committee (BIC).
- iii. Board Finance and Audit Committee (BFAC).

During the year, there were 11 board meetings, and 9 Executive Committee meetings, 2 Board Investment Committee meetings and 4 Board Finance and Audit Committee meetings.

The following table shows the number of Board and Committee meetings held during the year and the attendance by directors.

DIRECTORS	BOARD (11)	BEC (8)	BFAC (4)	BINC (2)
Dr. Gideon H Kaunda	11	8	n/a	1
Mrs. Joyce N Nyanza	11	n/a	4	2
Eng. Peter D Chisawillo	10	8	n/a	2
Late Eng. Ladislaus Salema	3	n/a	n/a	-
Ms. Anna Baliyima	10	n/a	4	n/a

### **Training**

To enable the Company to discharge its corporate governance obligations effectively, the Company has a Budget for training programs meant to equip its directors, management and employees with the best functional skills required in a modern corporate entity.

### 14. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's risk taking, in an appropriate manner, is an integral part of business. Success relies on optimizing the trade-off between risk and reward. In the course of conducting its business, the Company is exposed to a variety of risks, including credit, market, operational, strategic and reputation risk

The Company's risk management approach is that:

- All risks must be identified and managed, and that the returns must be commensurate with the risks taken, relative to the corporation's risk appetite;
- The effectiveness of risk management processes is ensured through formal governance and comprehensive regular reporting processes in a well-defined control environment; and

- It is the responsibility of each individual, relative to their position, to identify themselves with the declared priority of risk management, to recognise real or anticipated risk and to take appropriate action.

Risk management is guided by several principles, the most important being:

- The assignment of appropriate responsibility and accountability for all risks and resulting returns;
- The adoption of a framework for integrated risk management which applies across all business units and all risk types for the protection of the company's reputation;
- Formal risk governance processes.

### 15. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Details of transactions with related parties are disclosed in note 18 of the financial statements.

### 16. **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR**

PKF Associates Tanzania has expressed willingness to continue in office and is eligible for re-appointment. A resolution to re-appoint PKF Associates Tanzania, as auditor will be put to the Annual General Meeting.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

Dr. Gideon H Kaunda

**CHAIRMAN** 

Mrs. Joyce N Nyanza

DIRECTOR

11 May 2021

### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The Tanzania Companies Act, 2002 requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for that year. It also requires the Directors to ensure that the Company keeps proper accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the transactions of the Company; that disclose, with reasonable accuracy, the financial position of the Company and that enables them to prepare financial statements of the Company that comply with International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Tanzania Companies Act, 2002. The Directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Directors accept responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards and in the manner required by the Tanzania

Companies Act, 2002. They also accept responsibility for:

- Designing, implementing and maintaining such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable
  the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud
  or error.
- ii. Selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies;
- iii. Making accounting estimates and judgements that are reasonable in the circumstances;

The Directors are of the opinion that the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2020 and of the Company's financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Tanzania Companies Act, 2002.

In preparing these financial statements, the Directors have assessed the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Nothing has come to the attention of the Directors to indicate that the Company will not remain a going concern for at least the next twelve months from the date of this statement.

The Directors acknowledge that the independent audit of the financial statements does not relieve them of their responsibilities.

Approved by the Board of Directors on 11 May 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

Dr. Gideon H Kaunda

**CHAIRMAN** 

Mrs. Joyce N Nyanza

**DIRECTOR** 

11 May 2021

# DECLARATION OF THE HEAD OF FINANCE/ACCOUNTING OF NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY

The National Board of Accountants and Auditors (NBAA) according to the powers conferred under the Auditors and Accountants (Registration) Act. No. 33 of 1972, as amended by Act No. 2 of 1995, requires financial statements to be accompanied with a declaration issued by the Head of Finance/Accounting responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the entity concerned.

It is the duty of a Professional Accountant to assist the Board of Directors to discharge the responsibility of preparing financial statements of an entity showing a true and fair view of the entity's position and performance in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and statutory financial reporting requirements.

Full legal responsibility for the preparation of financial statements rests with the Board of Directors as detailed under the Directors Responsibility statement on the previous page.

In regard thereof, I Erasto G. Ngamilaga being the Head of Finance/Accounting of National Investments Public Limited Company hereby acknowledge my responsibility of ensuring that the Company's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020 have been prepared in compliance with applicable accounting standards and statutory requirements.

I thus confirm that the financial statements give a true and fair view position of National Investments Public Limited Company as on that date and that they have been prepared from properly maintained financial records.

Signed by: Position: Chief Finance Officer

NBAA Membership No.: CPA1878 Date: 11 May 2021

TO THE MEMBERS OF NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY



# PKF Associates Tanzania Certified Public Accountants

### **Opinion**

We have audited the Company financial statements of National Investments Public Limited Company, set out on pages 53 to 87 which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020, and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 31 December 2020, and of its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) and the Tanzania Companies Act, 2002.

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Tanzania, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **Key Audit Matter**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matter described below to be a key audit matter to be communicated in our report.

## Ministry of Livestock and Fisheries takeover of the company's former subsidiary, Tanzania Meat Company Limited (TMCL)

We have considered the takeover of the company's former subsidiary company, TMCL by the Ministry of Livestock and Fisheries on 27 December 2019 and the subsequent decision on 24 April 2020 to liquidate TMCL as described in Note 27 to the financial statements to be a key audit matter.

### How the key audit matter was addressed in the audit

We addressed this matter through review of correspondences with the Ministry of Livestock and Fisheries, Board of Directors meeting minutes review and performance of subsequent events review procedures.

NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PLC Annual Report 2021

TO THE MEMBERS OF NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY

### Other information

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Directors' report, the declaration of head of finance, and the schedule of expenditure but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### **Responsibilities of Directors for the Financial Statements**

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs, and the requirement of the Tanzania Companies Act 2002, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit carried out in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.

NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PLC Annual Report 2021

TO THE MEMBERS OF NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Director's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, assess whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entity or business activities of the Company to express an opinion on the financial statements. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless the law or regulations precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

### Report on other matters prescribed by the Tanzania Companies Act, 2002

In our opinion the information given in the report of the directors on pages 41 to 46 is consistent with the financial statements.

NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PLC Annual Report 2021

TO THE MEMBERS OF NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY

### Report on other matters prescribed by the Tanzania Companies Act, 2002 (continued)

As required by the Tanzania Companies Act, 2002 we report to you, based on our audit, that:

- i) we have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
- ii) in our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the Company, so far as appears from our examination of those books; and
- the Company's statement of financial position and statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive iii) income are in agreement with the books of account.

**Certified Public Accountant Tanzania** 

CPA Mustansir Gulamhussein, Practising certificate No. 1810 Signing partner responsible for the independent audit

**PKF Associates Tanzania** 

Ref:PKF/A/N013/052/21/mg.

Date: 11 05 2021

NICOL\_AR 2020\_new.indd 52

### STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Notes	2020 TZS '000	2019 TZS '000
Investment income	2	3,558,578	2,492,138
Other income	3	-	335,899
Administrative expenses		(1,738,024)	(2,417,859)
Other operating expenses		(137,187)	(171,035)
Operating profit	4	1,683,367	239,143
Finance costs	6	-	(71,774)
Profit before taxation		1,683,367	167,369
Tax charge	7	(175,312)	(125,997)
Profit for the year		1,508,055	41,372
Other comprehensive income/(loss):			
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:			
Change in fair value of equity instruments designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income	19	(155,014)	(1,238,287)
Loss on disposal of equity investments	21	(677,672)	-
Total comprehensive income/(loss)		675,370	(1,196,916)
Dividend:			
Declared dividends for the year:			
- Final	8	(477,720)	(414,991)
Earnings per share for profit attributable to			
the ordinary equity holders of the company:			
Basic earnings per share	11	21.8	0.60
Diluted earnings per share	11	21.8	0.60

The notes on pages 58 to 87 form an integral part of these financial statements Report of the independent auditor - page 49 to 52.

### NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY

Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020

### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	Notes	2020 TZS '000	2019 TZS '000
Equity			
Share capital	9	8,645,647	8,645,647
Share premium	10	647,342	647,342
Retained earnings		2,016,622	(828,472)
Available for sale investments reserve		71,548,081	74,195,526
Equity attributable to owners of the company		82,857,692	82,660,043
REPRESENTED BY			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	12	1,658,463	1,739,795
Equity investments	19	80,997,055	83,699,181
Government securities	20	1,093,450	-
Investment in subsidiary	27	-	-
		83,748,968	85,438,976
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	14	68,773	24,305
Cash and cash equivalents	15	769,106	72,638
		837,879	96,943
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	16	1,729,155	1,867,544
Other liability	13	-	1,008,332
		1,729,155	2,875,876
Net current liabilities		(891,276)	(2,778,933)
		82,857,692	82,660,043

The financial statements on pages 53 to 57 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on **11/05/2021** and were signed on its behalf by:

Dr. Gideon H Kaunda CHAIRMAN

Mrs. Joyce N Nyanza DIRECTOR

The notes on pages 58 to 87 form an integral part of these financial

Report of the independent auditor - page 49 to 52.

54

NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PLC

Annual Report 2021

### **STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

		2020	2019
	Notes	TZS '000	TZS '000
Equity			
Share capital	9	8,645,647	8,645,647
Share premium	10	647,342	647,342
Retained earnings		2,016,622	(828,472)
Available for sale investments reserve		71,548,081	74,195,526
Equity attributable to owners of the company		82,857,692	82,660,043
REPRESENTED BY			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	12	1,658,463	1,739,795
Equity investments	19	80,997,055	83,699,181
Government securities	20	1,093,450	-
Investment in subsidiary	27	-	-
		83,748,968	85,438,976
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	14	68,773	24,305
Cash and cash equivalents	15	769,106	72,638
		837,879	96,943
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	16	1,729,155	1,867,544
Other liability	13	-	1,008,332
		1,729,155	2,875,876
Net current liabilities		(891,276)	(2,778,933)
		82,857,692	82,660,043

The financial statements on pages 53 to 57 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on *11/05/2021* and were signed on its behalf by:

Dr. Gideon H Kaunda CHAIRMAN

Mrs. Joyce N Nyanza DIRECTOR

The notes on pages 58 to 87 form an integral part of these financial Report of the independent auditor - page 49 to 52.

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

### NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY

Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020

		Share cap- ital	Share pre- mium	Available for sale investments sale vestments reserve	<b>Retained</b> earnings	Total
Year ended 31 December 2020	Note	000,	000,	000, SZ1	1ZS '000	128 ,000
At start of year		8,645,647	647,342	74,195,526	(828,472)	82,660,043
Profit for the year:		ı	ı	1	1,508,055	1,508,055
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax:						
Fair value of disposed equity investments	19	ı	ı	(1,814,759)	1,814,759	1
Change in fair value of equity instruments designated as at fair value						
through other comprehensive income	19	1	ı	(155,014)	1	(155,014)
Loss on disposal of equity investments	21	I	ı	(677,672)	ı	(677,672)
Transactions with owners:						
Dividends:						
- Final dividend for 2020	∞	1	1	ı	(477,720)	(477,720)
At end of year		8,645,647	647,342	71,548,081	2,016,622	82,857,692
Year ended 31 December 2019						
At start of year		4,730,153	4,562,836	75,433,814	(454,853)	84,271,949
Profit for the year:		1	ı	•	41,372	41,372
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax:						
Available for sale financial assets						
Net change in fair value of available for sale financial assets	19	1	ı	(1,238,288)	ı	(1,238,288)
Transactions with owners:						
Transfer to share capital	10	3,915,494	(3,915,494)	ı	1	I
Dividends:						
-Final dividend for 2018	$\infty$	1		1	(414,991)	(414,991)
At end of year		8,645,647	647,342	74,195,526	(828,472)	82,660,043

The notes on pages 58 to 87 form an integral part of these financial statements Report of the independent auditor - page 49 to 52.

At end
Year en
Year en
Year en
Year en
At star'
Other come t
Come t
Availal
Net cha
assets
Transfe

### **STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

		2020	2019
	Notes	TZS '000	TZS '000
Operating activities			
Cash from operations	17	670,739	420,852
Tax paid		(175,312)	(125,997)
Net cash from operating activities		495,427	294,855
Investing activities			
Cash paid for purchase of property, plant and equipment	12	(13,446)	(18,490)
Proceeds from disposal of equity investments	20	1,869,440	-
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment			871
Net cash from/(used in) investing activities		1,855,994	(17,619)
Financing activities			
Repayments of borrowings			(400,000)
Cash paid for purchase of government bonds	20	(1,041,120)	-
Dividend paid		(613,834)	(414,991)
Net cash used in financing activities		(1,654,954)	(814,991)
Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		696,467	(537,756)
Movement in cash and cash equivalents			
Ab abank after an		70.670	C10 70 4
At start of year		72,638	610,394
Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		696,467	(537,756)
At end of year	15	769,106	72,638

The notes on pages 58 to 87 form an integral part of these financial statements Report of the independent auditor - page 49 to 52.



### NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY

Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020

### **NOTES**

### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated.

These financial statements comply with the requirements of the Tanzania Companies Act, 2002. The statement of profit or loss and statement of comprehensive income represent the profit and loss account referred to in the Act. The statement of financial position represents the balance sheet referred to in the Act.

### a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention except as indicated otherwise below and are in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). The historical cost convention is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange of assets. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or liability, the entity takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into consideration when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

### Going concern

The financial performance of the company is set out in the Director's report and in the statement of profit or loss and the other comprehensive income. The financial position of the company is set out in the statement of financial position. Disclosures in respect of risk and capital management are set out in note 80 to 81.



### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### **Basis of preparation (continued)**

Based on the financial performance and position of the company and its risk management policies, the Directors are of the opinion that the company is well placed to continue in business for the foreseeable future and as a result the financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis.

### a) New standards, amendments and interpretations adopted by the company

The company applied for the first-time certain standards and amendments, which are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020. The company has not early adopted any other standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

- Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting issued on 29 March 2018. The revised Conceptual
  Framework includes some new concepts, updated definitions and recognition criteria for assets
  and liabilities and clarifies some important concepts. These amendments had no impact on the
  financial statements of the company.
- Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8 Definition of Material (issued in October 2018). The amendments, applicable to annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020, clarify the definition of material and how it should be applied by including in the definition guidance that previously featured elsewhere in IFRS
- Amendments to IFRS 3: Definition of a Business (issued in October 2018). The amendments, applicable to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after 1 January 2020 and to asset acquisitions that occur on or after the beginning of that period, clarify the definition of a business, with the objective of assisting entities to determine whether a transaction should be accounted for as a business combination or an asset acquisition. These amendments had no impact on the financial statements of the company, but may impact future periods should the company enter into any business combinations.
- Amendments to IFRS 7, IFRS 9 and IAS 39 Interest Rate Benchmark Reform (issued in September 2019). The amendments, applicable to annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020, provide a number of reliefs, which apply to all hedging relationships that are directly affected by interest rate benchmark reform. A hedging relationship is affected if the reform gives rise to uncertainty about the timing and/or amount of benchmark-based cash flows of the hedged item or the hedging instrument. These amendments have no impact on the financial statements of the company as it does not have any interest rate hedge relationships.

### NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY

Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020

### **NOTES (CONTINUED)**

### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### a) New standards, amendments and interpretations adopted by the company (Continued)

• Amendments to IFRS 16 Covid-19 Related Rent Concessions (issued on 28 May 2020). The amendments provide relief to lessees from applying IFRS 16 guidance on lease modification accounting for rent concessions arising as a direct consequence of the Covid-19 pandemic. As a practical expedient, a lessee may elect not to assess whether a Covid-19 related rent concession from a lessor is a lease modification. A lessee that makes this election accounts for any change in lease payments resulting from the Covid-19 related rent concession the same way it would account for the change under IFRS 16, if the change were not a lease modification. The amendment applies to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 June 2020. Earlier application is permitted. This amendment had no impact on the financial statements of the company.

### New standards, amendments and interpretations issued but not effective

At the date of authorization of these financial statements, the following standards and interpretations, which have not been applied in these financial statements, were in issue but not yet effective for the year presented:

- Amendments to IAS 1 'Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current (issued in January 2020), effective for annual periods beginning or after 1 January 2023, clarify a criterion for classifying a liability as non-current: the requirement for an entity to have the right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the reporting date.
- Amendments to IAS 16 'Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use' (issued in May 2020), effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 prohibit entities from deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment, any proceeds from selling items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, an entity recognizes the proceeds from selling such items, and the costs of producing those items, in profit or loss.
- Amendments to IAS 37 'Onerous Contracts Costs of Fulfilling a Contract' (issued in May 2020), effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022, specify which costs an entity needs to include when assessing whether a contract is onerous or loss-making.
- Amendments to IFRS 3 Business Combinations The amendments added an exception to the
  recognition principle of IFRS 3 to avoid the issue of potential 'day 2' gains or losses arising for
  for liabilities and contingent liabilities that would be within the scope of IAS 37 or IFRIC 21 Levies,
  if incurred separately. The amendments also clarify that contingent assets do not qualify for
  recognition at the acquisition date. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods
  beginning on or after 1 January 2022 and apply prospectively.
- Amendment to IFRS 9 Financial Instruments 'Fees in the '10 per cent' test for derecognition of
  financial liabilities' (issued in May 2020), effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or
  after 1 January 2022 with earlier adoption permitted, clarifies the fees that an entity includes when
  assessing whether the terms of a new or modified financial liability are substantially different from
  the terms of the original financial liability. These fees include only those paid or received between
  the and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the borrower or lender on the other's
  behalf.

24/11/2021 10:26 PM

Annual Report **2021** 

NICOL\_AR 2020\_new.indd 60



### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### a) New standards, amendments and interpretations adopted by the company (Continued)

• IFRS 17 'Insurance Contracts' (issued in May 2017), effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023, establishes the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of insurance contracts issued. It also requires similar principles to be applied to reinsurance contracts held and investment contracts with discretionary participation features issued. The objective is to ensure that entities provide relevant information in a way that faithfully represents those contracts. The company does not issue insurance contracts.

The directors do not expect that adoption of these standards and interpretations will have a material impact on the financial statements in future periods. The company plans to apply the changes above, if applicable, from their effective dates.

### b) Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

In the application of the accounting policies, the Directors are required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other relevant factors. Such estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to estimates are recognized prospectively.

The Directors have made the following assumptions that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

### Measurement of expected credit losses (ECL):

The measurement of the expected credit loss allowance for financial assets measured at amortised cost and FVTOCI is an area that requires the use of complex models and significant assumption about future economic conditions and credit behaviour.

A number of significant judgements are also required in applying the accounting requirements for measuring ECL, such as:

- Determining criteria for significant increase in credit risk;
- Choosing appropriate models and assumptions for the measurement of ECL;
   Establishing the number and relative weightings of forward-looking scenarios for each type of
- product/market and associated ECL; and
- Establishing groups of similar financial assets for the purposes of measuring ECL.

ECLs are measured as the probability-weighted present value of expected cash shortfalls over the remaining expected life of the financial instrument.

The measurement of ECLs are based primarily on the product of the instrument's Probability of Default (PD), Loss Given Default (LGD), and Exposure At Default (EAD).

The ECL model applied for financial assets, other than trade receivables, contains a three-stage approach that is based on the change in the credit quality of assets since initial recognition.

### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### b) Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions (Continued)

- Stage 1 If, at the reporting date, the credit risk of non-impaired financial instruments has not increased significantly since initial recognition, these financial instruments are classified in Stage 1, and a loss allowance that is measured, at each reporting date, at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses is recorded.
- Stage 2 When there is a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, these non-impaired financial instruments are migrated to Stage 2, and a loss allowance that is measured, at each reporting date, at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses is recorded. In subsequent reporting periods, if the credit risk of the financial instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the ECL model requires reverting to recognition of 12-month expected credit losses.
- When one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of a financial asset have occurred, the financial asset is considered credit-impaired and is migrated to Stage 3, and an allowance equal to lifetime expected losses continues to be recorded or the financial asset is written off.

Assessment of significant increase in credit risk: The determination of a significant increase in credit risk takes into account many different factors including a comparison of a financial instruments credit risk or PD at the reporting date and the credit or PD at the date of initial recognition. IFRS 9 however includes rebuttable presumptions that contractual payments that are overdue by more than 30 days will represent a significant increase in credit risk (stage 2) and contractual payments that are more than 90 days overdue will represent credit impairment (stage 3). The company uses these guidelines in determining the staging of its financial assets unless there is persuasive evidence available to rebut these presumptions.

For trade receivables, the company has applied the simplified model under IFRS 9 where lifetime expected credit loss allowance is recognised on the basis of a provisioning matrix.

### Useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and rightof-use assets.

Management reviews the useful lives, depreciation method and residual values of the items of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets on a regular basis. During the financial year, the directors determined no significant changes in the useful lives and residual values.

### Impairment of non-financial assets

NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PLC

Impairment exists when the carrying amount of an asset or cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The fair value less costs of disposal calculation is based on available data from binding sales transactions, conducted at arm's length, for similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs of disposing of the asset. The value in use calculation is based on a DCF model.

NICOL\_AR 2020\_new.indd 62 24/11/2021 10:26 PM

Annual Report **2021** 



### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### b) Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions (Continued)

The cash flows are derived from the budget for the next five years and do not include restructuring activities that the Company is not yet committed to or significant future investments that will enhance the performance of the assets of the CGU being tested. The recoverable amount is sensitive to the discount rate used for the DCF model as well as the expected future cash-inflows and the growth rate used for extrapolation purposes. The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment are disclosed in notes 12.

### c) Significant judgements made by management in applying the company's accounting policies

Directors have made the following judgements that are considered to have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements:

Revenue recognition - In making their judgement, the Directors considered the detailed criteria for the recognition of revenue from the sale of goods set out in IAS 18 and, in particular, whether the company had transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods. Following the detailed quantification of the company's liability in respect of rectification work, and the agreed limitation on the customers ability to require further work or to require the replacement of the goods, the Directors are satisfied that the significant risks and rewards have been transferred and that recognition of an appropriate provision for the rectification costs.

Held to maturity financial assets - The Directors have reviewed the company's held to maturity financial assets in the light of its capital maintenance and liquidity requirements and have confirmed the company's positive intention and ability to hold those assets to maturity.

Control of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures - The Directors asses whether or not the company has control over any entity based on whether or not the company has the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the entity unilaterally. In making their judgement, the directors considered the company's absolute size of holding in the entity and the relative size of dispersion of the shareholdings owned by the other shareholders.

Others may include: valuation of defined benefit obligations, recognition of deferred tax assets

### d) Revenue recognition

The company recognises revenue as and when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring control of a product or service to a customer. The amount of revenue recognised is the amount the Company expects to receive in accordance with the terms of contract, and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties, such as Value Added Tax, rebates and discounts.

### i) Dividend income

Dividend income from investment is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive payment has been established.

64

### NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY

Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020

### **NOTES (CONTINUED)**

### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### d) Revenue recognition (Continued)

### ii) Interest income

Interest income from financial assets is recognised when its probable that the economic benefit will flow to the group and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued by reference to time in relation to the principal outstanding and the effective interest rate applicable.

### e) Property, plant and equipment

All property, plant and equipment is initially recorded at cost and thereafter stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. Historical cost comprises expenditure initially incurred to bring the asset to its location and condition ready for its intended use.

Freehold and leasehold land, buildings and plant and machinery are subsequently measured at fair value, based on periodic valuations less subsequent depreciation.

Revaluations are performed with sufficient regularity such that the carrying amounts do not differ materially from those that would be determined using fair values at the end of each reporting period.

Any accumulated depreciation at the date of revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset, and the net amount is restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation are recognised in other comprehensive income and credited to revaluation reserve in equity except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease for the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss, in which case the increase is credited to profit or loss to the extent of the decrease previously expensed. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same asset are charged to other comprehensive income; all other decreases are charged to profit or loss. Each year the difference between depreciation based on the revalued carrying amount of the asset (the depreciation charged to profit or loss) and depreciation based on the asset's original cost is transferred from the revaluation reserve to retained earnings.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company and the cost can be reliably measured. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PLC Annual Report 2021

NICOL\_AR 2020\_new.indd 64 24/11/2021 10:26 PM



### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### e) Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Depreciation is calculated on a straight line method to write down the cost of each asset to its residual value over its estimated useful life using the following annual rates:

	Rate %
Motor Vehicle	25
Furniture, fittings and other equipment	25

The assets residual values and useful lives of assets and methods of depreciation are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains and losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are taken into account in determining operating profit/loss. On disposal of revalued amounts in the revaluation reserve relating to the particular assets being disposed of are transferred to retained earnings in the statement of changes in equity.

### f) Translation of foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies during the year are converted into Tanzanian Shillings (the functional currency), at the rates ruling at the transaction dates.

At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign determined currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

The resulting differences from conversion and translation are dealt with in profit or loss in the year in which they arise.

### g) Financial instruments

Financial instruments are recognised when, and only when, the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets are recognised initially using the trade date accounting which is the date the company commits itself to the purchase or sale.

24/11/2021 10:26 PM

66

### NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY

Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020

### **NOTES (CONTINUED)**

### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### g) Financial instruments (continued)

### Financial assets

The company classifies its financial assets into the following categories:

### i) Amortised cost;

Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, and for which the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are Solely Payments of Principal and Interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding and are not designated at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL), are classified and measured at amortised cost; The carrying amount of these assets is adjusted by any expected credit loss allowance recognised and measured.

### ii) Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI):

Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where these cash flows comprise SPPI and also for liquidating the assets depending on liquidity needs and that are not designated at FVTPL, are classified and measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI). Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for recognition of impairment gain or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gain and losses. Gains and losses previously recognised in OCI are reclassified from equity to profit or loss on disposal of such instruments. Gains and losses related to equity instruments are not reclassified.

### iii) Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL):

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measure at fair value through profit or loss and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit or loss and presented in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Notwithstanding the above, the Company may:

- on initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, irrevocably elect to classify and measure it at fair value through other comprehensive income
- on initial recognition of a debt instrument, irrevocably designate it as classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency.

NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PLC Annual Report 2021

### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### g) Financial instruments (continued)

At initial recognition of a financial asset, the Company determines whether newly recognised financial assets are part of an existing business model or whether they reflect the commencement of a new business model. The Company reassess its business models each reporting period to determine whether the business models have changed since the preceding period. In 2020 the company's business model for the management of equity investments was changed to held for trading. This change has been accounted for prospectively with effect from 1 January 2020.

### **Derecognition/write off**

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset have expired, when the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership, or when the Company has no reasonable expectations of recovering the asset.

### **Impairment**

Debt instruments that are subsequently measured at amortised cost or at impairment assessment. No impairment loss is recognised on investments measured at FVTPL.

The Company recognises loss allowances for Expected Credit Losses (ECLs) on the following financial instruments that are measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comphrensive income (FVTOCI):

- Cash and cash equivalents
- Trade and other receivables
- Other financial assets

No impairment loss is recognised on investments measured at FVTPL.

The loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses for trade receivables and for financial instruments for which:

- the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition; or
- there is observable evidence of impairment (a credit-impaired financial asset).

If, at the reporting date, the credit risk on a financial asset other than a trade receivable has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the loss allowance is measured for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. All changes in the loss allowance are recognised in profit or loss as impairment gains or losses.

Lifetime expected credit losses represent the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. 12-month expected credit losses represent the portion of lifetime expected credit losses that result from default events on a financial asset that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### g) Financial instruments (continued)

Expected credit losses are measured in a way that reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes, the time value of money, and reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

All financial assets are classified as non-current except those that are held for trading, those with maturities of less than 12 months from the balance sheet date, those which management has the express intention of holding for less than 12 months from the reporting date or those that are required to be sold to raise operating capital, in which case they are classified as current assets.

### · Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities that are held for trading (including derivatives), financial guarantee contracts, or commitments to provide a loan at a below-market interest rate are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss. The company may also,on initial recognition, irrevocably designate a financial liability as at fair value through profit or loss if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency.

All other financial liabilities are classified and measured at amortised cost.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

All financial liabilities are classified as non-current except those held for trading, those 'expected to be settled in the Company's normal operating cycle, those payable or expected to be paid within 12 months of the balance sheet date and those which the Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date.

### Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

### Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when there is a currently enforceable legally enforceable right to offset the amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

68 NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PLC Annual Report 2021

### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### h) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, and financial assets with maturities of less than 3 months, net of bank overdrafts and money market lines.

In the statement of financial position, bank overdrafts are included within borrowings in current liabilities.

### i) Interest cost

Interest is recognised on the time proportion basis, taking account of the principal debt outstanding and the effective rate over the period to maturity.

### j) Borrowing costs

Borrowing cost is recognised as an expense in the year in which it is incurred, except to the extent that it is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of assets that necessarily take a substantial period to prepare for their intended use or sale. Borrowing costs directly attributable to these qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the costs of those assets.

To the extent that funds are borrowed specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset, the amount borrowing costs capitalised are the actual borrowing costs incurred on that borrowing during the year less any investment income on the temporary investment of those borrowings. To the extent that funds are borrowed generally and used for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset, the amount of borrowing costs capitalised is determined by applying a capitalisation rate to the expenditures on that asset. The capitalisation rate applied is the weighted average of the borrowing cost applicable to costs applicable to the borrowings of the company that are outstanding during the year other than the borrowings made specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset.

Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended during extended periods in which active development is interrupted.

Capitalisation of borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

### k) Taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current. Tax is recognised in statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.

### **Current tax**

Current tax is provided on the results for the year, adjusted in accordance with tax legislation.

24/11/2021 10:26 PM

### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### I) Employee entitlements

The estimated monetary liability for employees' accrued annual leave entitlement at the reporting date is recognised as an expense accrual.

### m) Retirement benefit obligations

The company contributes to the statutory National Social Security Fund (NSSF). This is a defined contribution scheme registered under the National Social Security Act. The company's obligations under this scheme are limited to specific contribution regulated from time and currently stated at 10% of the employee's gross pay. The company's contributions are charged to the statement of comprehensive income in the year to which they relate.

### n) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Any premium received over and above the par value of the shares is classified as 'share premium' in equity.

### o) Dividends

Proposed dividends are disclosed as a separate component of equity until declared.

Dividends are recognised as liabilities in the period in which they are approved by the company's shareholders.

### p) Provisions

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the company has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

### q) Earnings per Share

The Company presents basic and diluted earning per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to shareholders of the Group and company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during he period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive.

### r) Investment in subsidiary

NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PLC

Investment in subsidiary is recognised at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

### s) Comparatives

Where necessary, comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with changes in presentation in the current year.

NICOL\_AR 2020\_new.indd 70 24/11/2021 10:26 PM

Annual Report **2021** 

## 2. Investment Income

	2020 TZS '000	2019 TZS '000
- Dividend income	3,506,248	2,458,152
- Interest income	52,330	33,986
	3,558,578	2,492,138

## 3. Other Income

	2020 TZS '000	2019 TZS '000
Creditors written off - NICOL	-	309,853
Gain on disposal of furniture and fittings	-	374
Provisions written back	-	23,422
Miscellaneous income	-	2,250
	-	335,899

## 4. Operating profit

	2020	2019
	TZS '000	TZS '000
The following items have been charged/(credited) in		
arriving at the operating profit		
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment (Note 12)	26,805	57,171
Auditor's remuneration	23,554	26,998
Creditors written off - NICOL	-	-309,853
TMCL liquidation administrator's costs	86,625	-
Impairment of receivable from TMCL	-	1,215,316
Legal and professional fees	122,189	92,673
Directors' fees	57,300	54,000
Directors' expenses	79,668	86,063
CEO bonus	61,546	56,944
Staff costs (Note 5)	770,371	645,453

## 5. Personnel expenses

	2020	2019
	TZS '000	TZS '000
Salaries and wages	411,964	450,475
NSSF expenses	26,105	31,706
Gratuity	68,985	68,533
Recruitment expenses	9,587	-
Other staff costs (5.1)	253,730	94,739
	770,371	645,453

24/11/2021 10:26 PM

## 5.1 Other Staff Costs

	2020	2019
	TZS '000	TZS '000
Training	2,750	1,280
Medical expenses	670	530
National health insurance fund (NHIF)	10,043	10,758
Skills and development levy (SDL)	16,699	16,537
Workers' compensation fund (WCF)	4,299	4,088
Bonus (Note 18(i))	61,546	61,546
Terminal benefit (Note 18(i))	157,722	-
	253,730	94,739

## 6. Finance costs

	2020	2019
	TZS '000	TZS '000
Net foreign exchange gain	-	(2,178)
Interest expenses on bank overdraft	-	61,402
Short term loan processing fee	-	12,550
	-	71,774

## 7. **Tax**

	2020	2019
	TZS '000	TZS '000
Current tax		
5% final withholding tax on dividends earned	175,312	122,908
10% withholding tax on interest earned	-	3,090
	175,312	125,997
The tax on the profit before tax differs from the theoretical amount		
that would arise using the basic rate as follows:		
Profit before tax	1,683,367	167,369
Tax calculated at a tax rate of 30% (2019: 30%)	505,010	50,211
Tax effect of:		
- income not subject to tax	-505,010	-50,211
- effect of 5% final tax on dividend income	175,312	122,908
- effect of 10% final tax on interest income	-	3,090
Tax Charge	175,312	125,997
Dividends		
Declared dividends	477,720	414,991

NICOL\_AR 2020\_new.indd 72 24/11/2021 10:26 PM

Annual Report 2021

NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PLC

#### Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020

## **NOTES (CONTINUED)**

#### 8. **Dividends**

	2020 TZS '000	2019 TZS '000
Declared dividends	477,720	414,991

During the year 2020, the Directors recommended payment of a final dividend of TZS 10 per share (2019: TZS 6) amounting to TZS 477,720,000 (2019: TZS 414,991,000) out of the profits for the year 2020 and 2018 respectively. The payment of the dividend was approved at the 6th AGM and paid on 14th December 2020 for the verified shares.

Dividends are not recognised as a liability until they have been approved at the Annual General Meeting.

Payment of dividends is subject to withholding tax at the rate of 5%.

#### 9. Share Capital

	2020	2019
	TZS '000	TZS '000
Authorised:		
1,600,000,000 ordinary shares of TZS 125 each	200,000,000	200,000,000
Issued and fully paid:		
69,165,170 (2019: 69,165,170) ordinary shares of TZS 125 each	8,645,646	8,645,646

## 10. Share Premium

	2020	2019
	TZS '000	TZS '000
Share premium	647,342	4,921,388
Transaction costs- net of tax	-	(358,552)
	647,342	4,562,836
Transfer to share capital (Note 9)	-	(3,915,494)
	647,342	647,342

## 11. Earnings per share

### Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

	2020	2019	
	TZS '000	TZS '000	
Profit attributable to equity holders	1,508,055	41,372	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	69,165,170	69,165,170	
Earnings per share	21.8	0.6	

NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PLC Annual Report 2021 73

Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020

## **NOTES (CONTINUED)**

## Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares with dilutive potential ordinary shares.

Diluted earnings/(loss) per share is calculated by dividing the profit/(loss) attributable to equity holders of the company by the adjusted weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

## 12. Property, plant and equipment

## Year ended 31 December 2020

	Capital work in progress	Motor vehi- cles	Furniture and fittings	Total
	TZS '000	TZS '000	TZS '000	TZS '000
Cost				
At start of year	1,600,000	171,386	140,751	1,912,137
Additions	-	-	13,446	13,446
Disposals	-	(144,716)	(2,690)	(147,406)
At end of year	1,600,000	26,670	151,507	1,778,177
Depreciation				
At start of year	-	106,103	66,239	172,342
Eliminated on disposal	-	(79,433)	-	(79,433)
Charge for the year	-	-	26,805	26,805
At end of year	-	26,670	93,044	119,714
Net book value	1,600,000	-	58,463	1,658,463

#### Year ended 31 December 2019

	Capital work in progress	Motor vehi- cles	Furniture and fittings	Total
	TZS '000	TZS '000	TZS '000	TZS '000
Cost				
At start of year	1,600,000	171,386	123,583	1,894,969
Additions	-		18,490	18,490
Disposals	-	-	(1,322)	(1,322)
At end of year	1,600,000	171,386	140,751	1,912,137
Depreciation				
At start of year	-	69,924	46,073	115,997
Eliminated on disposal	-	-	(826)	(826)
Charge for the year	-	36,179	20,992	57,171
At end of year	-	106,103	66,239	172,342
Net book value	1,600,000	65,283	74,512	1,739,795

NICOL\_AR 2020\_new.indd 74 24/11/2021 10:26 PM

Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020

#### **NOTES (CONTINUED)**

#### 13. Other Liability

	2020 TZS '000	2019 TZS '000
Liability for purchase of property	-	1,008,332

In 2018, the company purchased a semi-finished building located at Msasani peninsula plot No 818 for a purchase price of Tanzania Shillings One Billion and Six Hundred Million (TZS 1,600,000,000) to be used as corporate office and commercial building once completed. The balance of the purchase price of TZS 1,008,332,000 was fully paid in 2020.

#### 14. Trade and other receivables

	2020	2019
	TZS '000	TZS '000
Other receivables	66,583	15,349
Receivable from TMCL (Note 18 (iii))	1,301,941	1,215,316
Impairment of receivable from TMCL	(1,301,941)	(1,215,316)
Net trade and other receivables	66,583	15,349
Prepayments	2,190	8,956
	68,773	24,305

Following the takeover of Tanzania Meat Company Limited (TMCL) by the government on 27 December 2019 and subsequent decision to wind up TMCL, 100% of the TMCL receivable was impaired.

In the opinion of directors, the carrying amounts of trade and other receivables approximate their fair values.

The carrying amount of the company's trade and other receivables is denominated in Tanzanian shillings:

	2020	2019
	TZS '000	TZS '000
Tanzania shilling	68,773	24,305

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the fair value of each class of receivable mentioned above. The company does not hold any collateral as security.

## 15. Cash and cash equivalents

		2020	2019
		TZS '000	TZS '000
(	Cash in hand	247	759
[	Bank balances	768,859	71,879
		769,106	72,638

Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020

#### **NOTES (CONTINUED)**

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, the year end cash and cash equivalents comprise the following:

	2020 TZS '000	2019 TZS '000
Cash at bank and in hand	769,106	72,638

The company's bank balances are held with major Tanzanian financial institutions.

The carrying amounts of the company's cash and cash equivalents are denominated in the following currencies:

	2020	2019
	TZS '000	TZS '000
Tanzania Shilling	768,403	71,510
US Dollar	703	1,128
	769,106	72,638

#### 16. Trade and other payables

NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PLC

	2020	2019
	TZS '000	TZS '000
Other payables	569,382	610,584
Accruals	396,500	391,145
Payable to related parties (Note 18 (iv))	33,572	-
Dividends payable	729,701	865,815
	1,729,155	1,867,544

In the opinion of the directors, the carrying amount of trade and other payables approximate to their fair values.

The carrying amounts of the company's trade and other payables are denominated in the following currencies:

	2020	2019
	TZS '000	TZS '000
Tanzania Shilling	1,131,363	1,299,632
US Dollar	597,792	567,912
	1,729,155	1,867,544

NICOL\_AR 2020\_new.indd 76 24/11/2021 10:26 PM

The maturity analysis of the trade and other payables is as follows:

Year ended 31 December 2020	Up to 1 month TZS '000	2 to 3 months TZS '000	4 to 12 months TZS '000	Total TZS '000
Other payables	-	-	569,382	569,382
Accruals	356,850	39,650	-	396,500
Payable to related parties (Note 18 (iv))	-	33,572	-	33,572
Dividend payable	-	-	729,701	729,701
	356,850	73,222	569,382	1,729,155

Year ended 31 December 2019	Up to 1	2 to 3	4 to 12	
	month	months	months	Total
	TZS '000	TZS '000	TZS '000	TZS '000
Other payables	-	-	610,584	610,584
Accruals	352,031	39,115	-	391,145
Dividend payable	-	-	865,815	865,815
	352,031	39,115	610,584	1,867,544

## 17. Cash from operations

	2020	2019
	TZS '000	TZS '000
Reconciliation of the profit before tax to cash from operations:		
Profit before tax	1,683,367	167,369
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment (Note 12)	26,805	57,171
Loss/(gain) on disposal of fixed assets	67,973	(375)
Interest income from government bonds (Note 2)	(52,330)	-
Changes in working capital:		
- trade and other receivables	(44,468)	861,948
- trade and other payables	(2,275)	(436,093)
- Other liabilities	(1,008,332)	(229,168)
Cash from operations	670,739	420,852

## 18. Related party transactions

National Investments Public Limited Company (NICOL) is incorporated in Tanzania. It previously owned 51% of Tanzania Meat Company Limited (TMCL) with the remaining 49% of the TMCL shares being held by National Ranching Company Limited (NARCO). On 27 December 2019, the Ministry of Livestock and Fisheries took over the company's 51% subsidiary company (Tanzania Meat Company Limited) and on 24 April 2020 as advertised in a public notice of 26 May 2020, TMCL was put under liquidation.

Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020

## **NOTES (CONTINUED)**

The following transactions were carried out with related parties:

## (i) Key management personnel compensation

	2020	2019
	TZS '000	TZS '000
- Salaries to Management staff	317,750	329,693
- Gratuity	68,985	68,533
- Bonus (Former CEO)	61,546	56,944
- Terminal benefits (Former CEO)	136,330	-
(Incoming CEO)	21,393	-
- Value of motor vehicle gifted to former CEO	67,973	-
- Payment to former CEO for appearance as expert witness	9,263	-

## (ii) Directors' benefits and other remuneration

Fees and other emoluments paid to the Directors of the company during the period. Details of payments to individual Directors is shown in the table below.

		2020	2019
		TZS '000	TZS '000
-	Board meeting expenses	79,668	86,063
-	Board committee expenses	61,155	-
-	Director's fees	57,300	54,000
-	Board travelling expenses	80,103	-

					Director's Remunera- tion
DIRECTOR'S	BOARD	BEC	BFAC	BINC	(TZS '000')
Dr. Gideon H Kaunda	11	8	n/a	1	32,200
Mrs. Joyce N Nyanza	11	n/a	4	2	38,273
Eng. Peter Chisawillo	10	8	n/a	2	34,455
Eng. Ladislaus M Salema	3	n/a	n/a	-	5,100
Ms. Anna Baliyima	10	n/a	4	n/a	23,800

## (iii) Receivable from related party (Note 14)

	2020	2019
	TZS '000	TZS '000
Tanzania Meat Company Limited	1,301,941	
Impairment of receivable from TMCL	(1,301,941)	(1,215,316)

NICOL\_AR 2020\_new.indd 78 24/11/2021 10:26 PM

The Company entered into service contract agreement with Advocate Benjamin Mwakagamba as company secretary to the Board and his law firm BM Attorney to provide legal service to the Company. The following are related party transaction and balances during the year.

#### (iv) Payable to related party -Balance (Note 16)

	2020	2019
	TZS '000	TZS '000
- BM Attorneys (Legal Fees balance)	33,572	9,972

## (V) Payable to related party -Balance (Note 16)

		2020	2019
		TZS '000	TZS '000
-	Legal fees	122,189	92,673
-	Secretarial fees	32,400	32,400
		154,589	125,073

#### 19. **Equity investments**

	2020	2019
	TZS '000	TZS '000
At start of the year	83,699,181	84,937,469
Cost of 233,680 TBL shares sold	(732,352)	-
Current year fair value loss	(155,014)	(1,238,288)
Cumulative brought forward fair value gain on the TBL disposed shares	(1,814,759)	-
At end of the year	80,997,056	83,699,181

These relate to investments in securities quoted and traded on the Dar es Salaam Stock Exchange (DSE). The market prices of these securities are available to the general public.

	% Interest	2020	2019
	held	TZS '000	TZS '000
NMB Shares	6.6	77,335,877	77,335,877
Tanzania Breweries Limited	1.87	1,396,617	3,943,729
Simba Cement Shares	0.06	20,155	24,186
CRDB Shares	Ο	55,953	27,259
Swissport Plc Shares	0.01	3,763	5,376
TCC Shares	0.01	130,560	130,560
Twiga Cement Shares	0.03	152,600	122,080
DSE Shares	6.35	1,131,531	1,260,114
Vodacom	0.14	770,000	850,000
		80,997,056	83,699,181

79

Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020

#### **NOTES (CONTINUED)**

#### 20. Government securities at amortised cost

	2020	2019
	TZS '000	TZS '000
Treasury bonds		
Maturing 30 July 2040	1,093,450	-
At start of year	-	-
Additions	1,041,120	-
Interest income (Note 2)	52,330	-
At end of year	1,093,450	-

Treasury bonds and bills are securities issued by the government of the Republic of Tanzania. On 26 August 2020, the Company purchased a 20-years treasury bond with a face value of TZS 1,000,000,000 at a price of TZS 1,041,120,000. The effective interest rate of the bond is 15.49%.

#### 21. Loss on disposal of equity investments

	2020
	TZS '000
Original cost of TBL shares sold	(732,353)
Cumulative brought forward fair value gain on the TBL shares disposed	(1,814,759)
Cash flows:	
- Proceeds from disposal of equity investments	1,869,440
Loss on disposal	(677,672)

## 22. Risk management objectives and policies

NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PLC Annual Report 2021

## Financial risk management

The group's/company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk ), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The group's/company's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the company's financial performance.

## (a) Market risk

#### Foreign exchange risk

The group/company is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising primarily with respect to the US Dollar.

The table below summarises the effect of post-tax profit had the Tanzanian Shilling weakened by 10% against the US Dollar, with all other variables held constant. If the Tanzanian Shilling strengthened against the US Dollar, the effect would have been the opposite.

NICOL\_AR 2020\_new.indd 80 24/11/2021 10:26 PM



The carrying amount of the group's/company's material foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities that will have an impact on profit or loss when the exchange rates changes, at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

	2020	2019
Assets	TZS '000	TZS '000
Cash and bank balance	703	1,128
Liabilities		
Trade and other payables	597,792	567,912
Net exposure	598,495	569,040
Pre-tax effect on gain	5,985	5,690
Tax	1,795	1,707
Decrease	4,189	3,983

The Company is exposed to equity securities price risk arising from investments.

#### Interest rate risk

The Company has no interest-bearing assets and as a result its cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

#### (b) Credit risk

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, derivative financial instruments and deposits with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposures to customers, including outstanding receivables.

Management assesses the credit quality of the customer, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors.

Individual limits are set based on internal or external information in accordance with limits set by the management. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored.

No credit limits were exceeded during the reporting period, and management does not expect any losses from non-performance by these counterparties.

None of the financial assets that are fully performing has been renegotiated in the last year.

#### (c) Liquidity risk

Cash flow forecasting is performed by the finance department of the group by monitoring the group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities at all times so that the company does not breach borrowing limits or covenants (where applicable) on any of its borrowing facilities.

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and bank balances, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market positions. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying businesses, the company's management maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under committed credit lines.

Note 19 discloses the maturity analysis of trade and other payables.

24/11/2021 10:26 PM

The table below discloses the undiscounted maturity profile of the financial liabilities:

Year ended 31 Dec 2020	Between 1 - 3 months TZS.'000	Between 3 months - 1 year TZS.'000	Between 1 - 5 year TZS.'000	More than 5 years TZS.'000	Total TZS.'000
Trade and other payables	-	1,729,155	-		1,729,155

Year ended 31 Dec 2019	Between 1 - 3 months TZS.'000	Between 3 months - 1 year TZS.'000	Between 1 - 5 year TZS.'000	More than 5 years TZS.'000	Total TZS.'000
Trade and other payables	-	1,867,544	-		1,867,544
Other liability	1,008,332	-	-	-	1,008,332
	1,008,332	1,867,544			2,875,876

#### (d) Fair value measurements

NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PLC

The company's financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. The table below shows an analysis of all assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements by level of their fair value hierarchy. The fair values are grouped into three levels as mentioned in Note 1 (a) of these financials, based on the degree to which the fair value is observable.

The table below gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets and financial liabilities are determined:

Year ended December 2020	Level 1 TZS.'000	Level 2 TZS.'000	Level 3 TZS.'000
Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	-	-	1,739,795
Investment securities	80,997,055	-	-
	80,997,055	-	1,739,795

Year ended December 2019	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	TZS.'000	TZS.'000	TZS.'000
Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	-	-	1,739,795
Investment securities	83,699,181	-	-
	83,699,181	-	1,739,795

NICOL\_AR 2020\_new.indd 82 24/11/2021 10:26 PM

#### 23. Capital management

The group's objectives when managing capital are:

- to provide an adequate return to shareholders by pricing products and services commensurate with the level of risk:
- to comply with the capital requirements set out by the group's bankers;
- to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.
- to safeguard the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and
- to maintain a strong asset base to support the development of business.

The group sets the amount of capital in proportion to risk. The group manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders or adjust the amount of capital expenditure. Consistently with others in the industry, the group monitors capital on the basis of the debt-to-adjusted capital ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divide by capital. Net debt is calculated as total debt (as shown in the statement of financial position) less cash and cash equivalents. Capital comprises all components of equity (i.e. share capital, retained earnings, revaluation reserve and subordinated loans).

The gearing ratios for the period ended 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019 were as follows:

	2020	2019
	TZS '000	TZS '000
Total borrowings	-	-
Less: Cash and cash equivalents (Note 18)	(769,106)	(72,638)
Net debt	(769,106)	(72,638)
Total equity	82,857,692	82,660,043
Gearing ratio	(0.01)	-

#### 24. Contingent liabilities

In a notification by the company to the Capital Market and Securities Authority (CMSA) of 31 December 2019, it was noted that on 27 December 2019, the Ministry of Livestock and Fisheries took over the control and management of the company's 51% subsidiary company (Tanzania Meat Company Limited) and demanded that NICOL may be liable to further liabilities. NICOL board is of the view that this action is legally untenable and NICOL will take necessary steps to protect its shareholders' interests.

The Company is a defendant in various legal actions. The existence of claims and litigations pending as per confirmations received from the Company's advocates have been provided for in these financial statements and mainly relate to:

24/11/2021 10:26 PM

- Land Case No. 29 of 2018 Twiga Feeds Limited & another Vs National Investment Public Limited Company (Formerly National Investment Company Limited): NICOL has put a caveat on Twiga Feeds Ltd land title in respect of claiming TZS 580,000,000 paid by NICOL Twiga feeds for a joint investment of a college, money's which to date have not been refunded back by Twiga feeds Limited being NICOL's contribution towards the joint venture investment project.
- CMA/DSM/ILALA/431/11, National Investments Company Limited Vs. Kathleen Armstrong; As per deed of settlement signed on 24th June 2011, Kathleen Armstrong was rewarded a sum of USD 261,387. The application was lodged by NICOL seeking for an extension of time. The application is pending at the High Court of Tanzania Labor Division.

In the opinion of the Directors and after taking appropriate legal advice, the outcome of other actions will not give rise to any significant loss, apart from the above mentioned claims and litigation which are provided for in the financial statements.

#### 25. Subsequent events

The Directors are not aware of any other matter apart from the above that may require adjustment or disclosure in these financial statements.

### 26. Incorporation

The company is incorporated in Tanzania and registered under the Companies Act as a limited liability company.

#### 27. Investment in subsidiary

	2020	2019
	TZS '000	TZS '000
Tanzania Meat Company Limited	1,296,856	1,296,856
Tanzania Fisheries Development Company Limited	3,027,264	3,027,264
Provision for impairment	(4,324,120)	(4,324,120)
	-	-

#### **Tanzania Meat Company Limited**

NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PLC

On 27th December 2019, the Minister of livestock and Fisheries took over the assets of TMCL and took control of the management of TMCL, thereby causing NICOL to loose control and the right to consolidate the financial statements of TMCL. Subsequently, on 24 April 2020, Shareholders of TMCL resolved to put the company under liquidation.

Prior to implementation of TMCL Shareholders' instructions, NARCO introduced a new proposal to apportion the TMCL's assets, as a result of this and in order to comply with legal requirements, NICOL offered NARCO to acquire the entire 51% shares owned by NICOL to NARCO, allowing NARCO to become the sole owner controlling 100% interest the TMCL. However, NARCO rejected the offer and subsequently, on 4th February 2021, NICOL took measures to terminate its shareholding and relinquished its 51% share ownership in TMCL.

NICOL\_AR 2020\_new.indd 84 24/11/2021 10:26 PM

Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020



## **NOTES (CONTINUED)**

## **Tanzania Fisheries Development Company Limited (TFDC)**

The activities of Tanzania Fisheries Development Company Limited (TFDC) were processing of Fish and its by-products for the export market. Due to its poor performance and dormancy for many years, the Board resolved that the company be liquidated and its assets be disposed off. The company was voluntarily wound up on 19 June 2019.

## 28. **Presentation currency**

These financial statements are presented in Tanzania Shillings (TZS.'000).



85

## 1. SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURE

	2020	2019
	TZS.'000	TZS.'000
Employment:		
Salaries and wages	411,964	450,475
NSSF	26,105	31,706
Gratuity	68,985	68,533
Recruitment expenses	9,587	-
Other staff costs	253,730	94,739
Total employment costs	770,371	645,453

Other administrative expenses:		
Travelling expenses	25,247	36,388
Board travelling expenses	80,103	-
Motor vehicles running expenses	5,676	14,920
Printing and stationery	8,909	2,808
Legal fees	122,189	92,673
Secretarial fees	32,400	32,400
Consultancy fees	26,878	-
Dividend processing fees	37,446	31,669
Postage and telephone	15,032	16,687
Meetings and Conferences	45,382	32,935
Annual general meeting	65,166	99,171
Directors expenses	79,668	86,063
Directors fees	57,300	54,000
Brokerage commissions	22,796	-
Office expenses	10,255	6,103
Bank charges	4,661	4,352
Audit fees:	23,554	26,998
Advertisement expenses	89,238	19,924
Executive committee expenses	35,880	-
Investment committee expenses	8,812	-
Finance and audit committee expenses	16,463	-
Loss on asset disposal	67,973	-
TMCL liquidation administrators' costs	86,625	-
Impairment of receivable from TMCL	-	1,215,316
Total other administrative expenses	967,653	1,772,406
Total administrative expenses	1,738,024	2,417,859

NICOL\_AR 2020\_new.indd 86 24/11/2021 10:26 PM

Annual Report 2021

NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PLC



## 2. OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

	2020	2019
	TZS.'000	TZS.'000
Establishment:		
Short term leases	54,448	53,832
Security expenses	11,440	7,420
Insurance expenses	4,182	6,040
Electricity and water	6,390	6,925
Licenses and subscriptions	30,650	36,093
Repairs and maintenance	3,272	3,554
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	26,805	57,171
Total other operating expenses	137,187	171,035

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

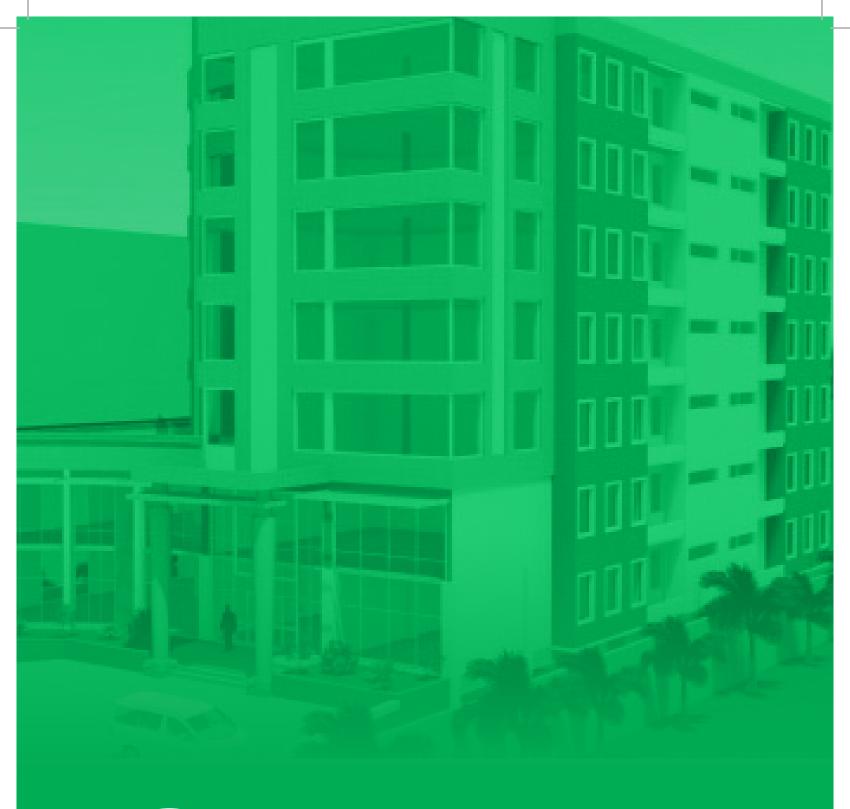


NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY

Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020



NICOL\_AR 2020\_new.indd 89 24/11/2021 10:26 PM





The Economic Shield of The Nation

NATIONAL INVESTMENTS PLC
National Investments PLC
50 Mirambo Street
3rd Floor, Mirambo House
P.O. Box 7465
Dar Es Salaam
Phone: +255 22 2701436/2701348
0682 720 679
E-mail: invest@nicol.co.tz

Website: http://www.nicol.co.tz

NICOL\_AR 2020\_new.indd 90 24/11/2021 10:26 PM